ALMA does Circumstellar Disks

A User's Perspective on Early Science and Beyond



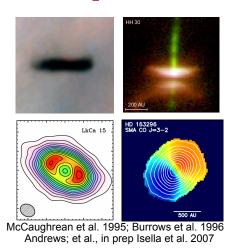
David J.Wilner

Harvard-Smithsonian Center for Astrophysics

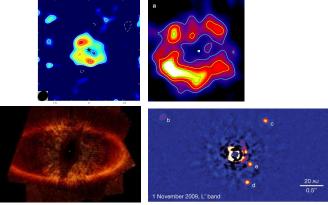
Atacama Large Millimeter/submillimeter Array
Expanded Very Large Array
Robert C. Byrd Green Bank Telescope
Very Long Baseline Array



"Protoplanetary" to "Debris"



- ~I to I0 Myr
- gas and trace dust
- dust sticking, growing into planetesimals
- 0.001 to 0.1 M_{Sun}



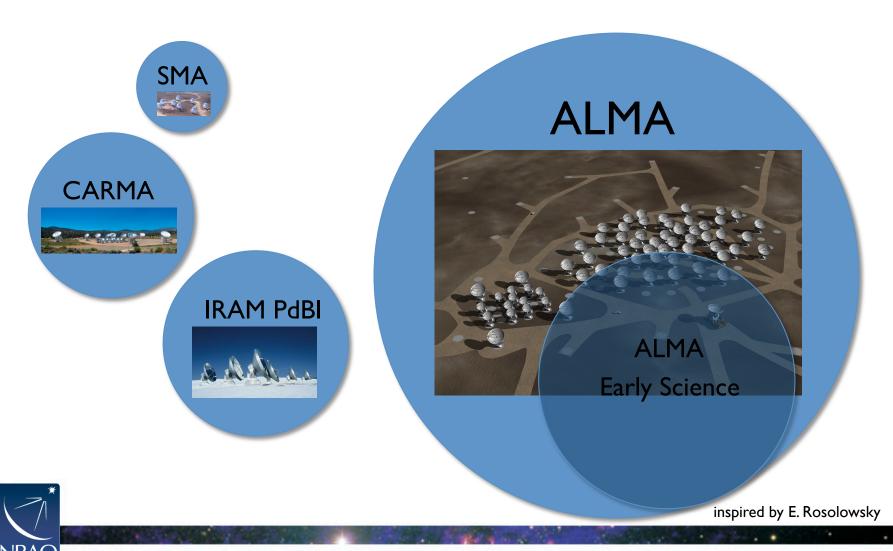
Corder et al 2009; Greaves et al. 2005 Kalas et al. 2008; Marois et al. 20010

- ~I0 Myr to Gyrs
- dust and trace gas
- planetesimals colliding, creating dust
- <1 M_{Moon}

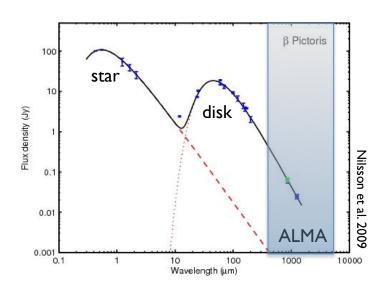
What physics drives evolution? When, where, how do planets form? ALMA images dust and gas at key long wavelengths 0.3 to 9 mm

ALMA: Large, Sensitive, Fast!

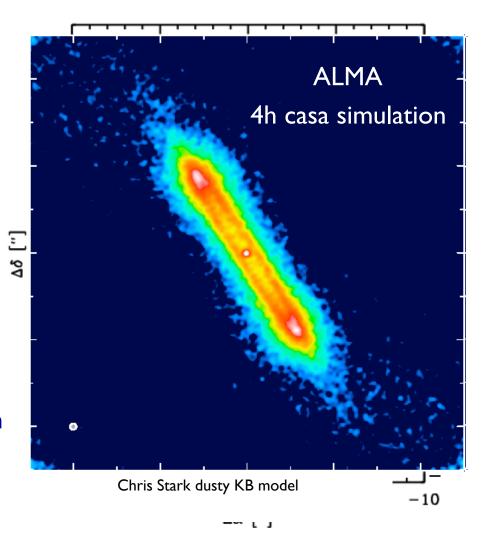
→ much deeper individual spectro-imaging studies and statistical views



Debris Disk Structure



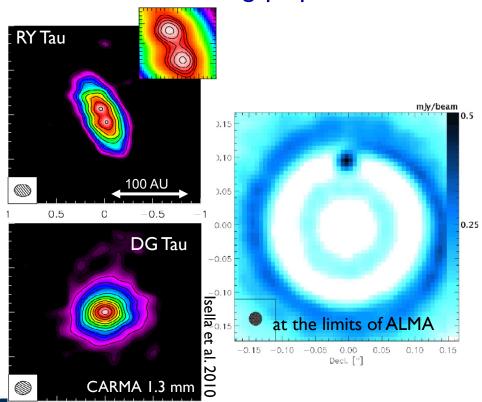
- >15% of nearby stars
- small dust ≠ large dust
- 10's are 1-10 mJy at 850 μm
- early science $\Delta S \sim I \text{ mJy}/\sqrt{\text{min}}$
- full ALMA 3x better and longer baselines

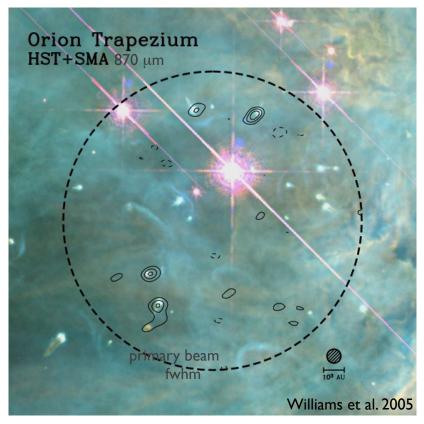




Protoplanetary Disk Dust

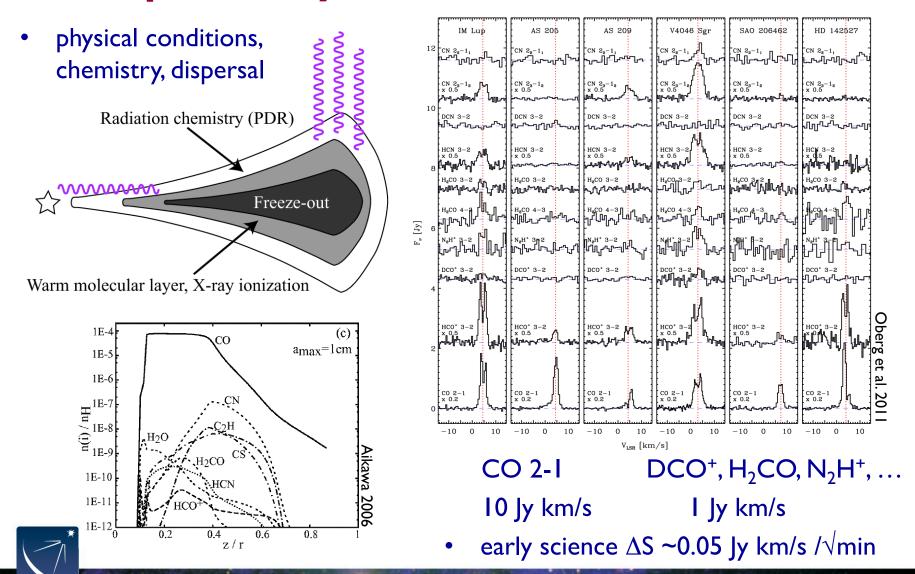
- 100's at 150 pc
- 0.005 M_{sun} ~80 mJy, at 850 μm
- → structure, holes, gaps, planets!



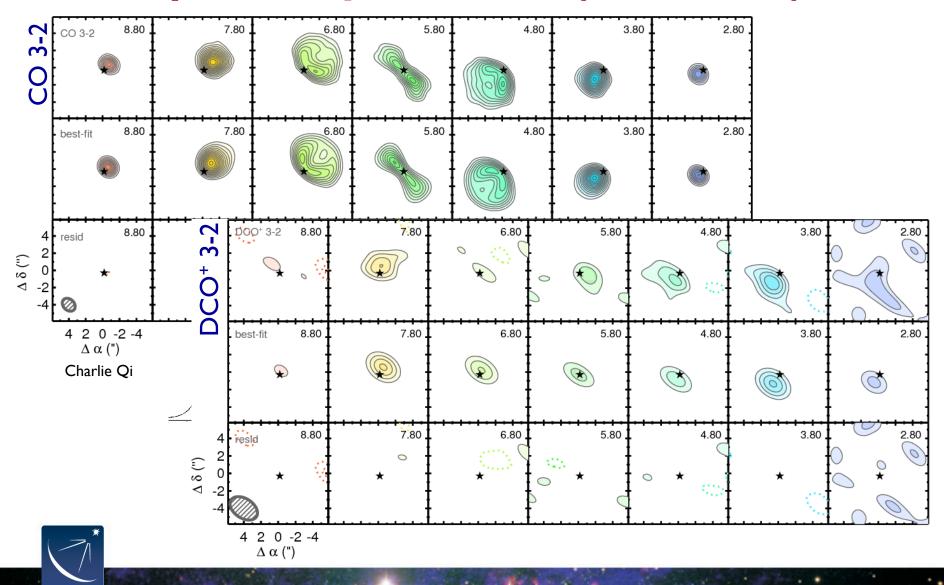


- 1000's within I kpc
- reach I-I0 Myr clusters
- → mass evolution, statistics

Protoplanetary Disk Gas



Protoplanetary Disk Gas (continued)



Concluding Remarks

- ALMA offers unprecedented sensitivity at millimeter wavelengths
 - already at start of Early Science
- many fundamental issues to address, e.g. circumstellar disks
 - reach Solar System scales for 100's to 1000's of sources
- expect a lot of surprises

