

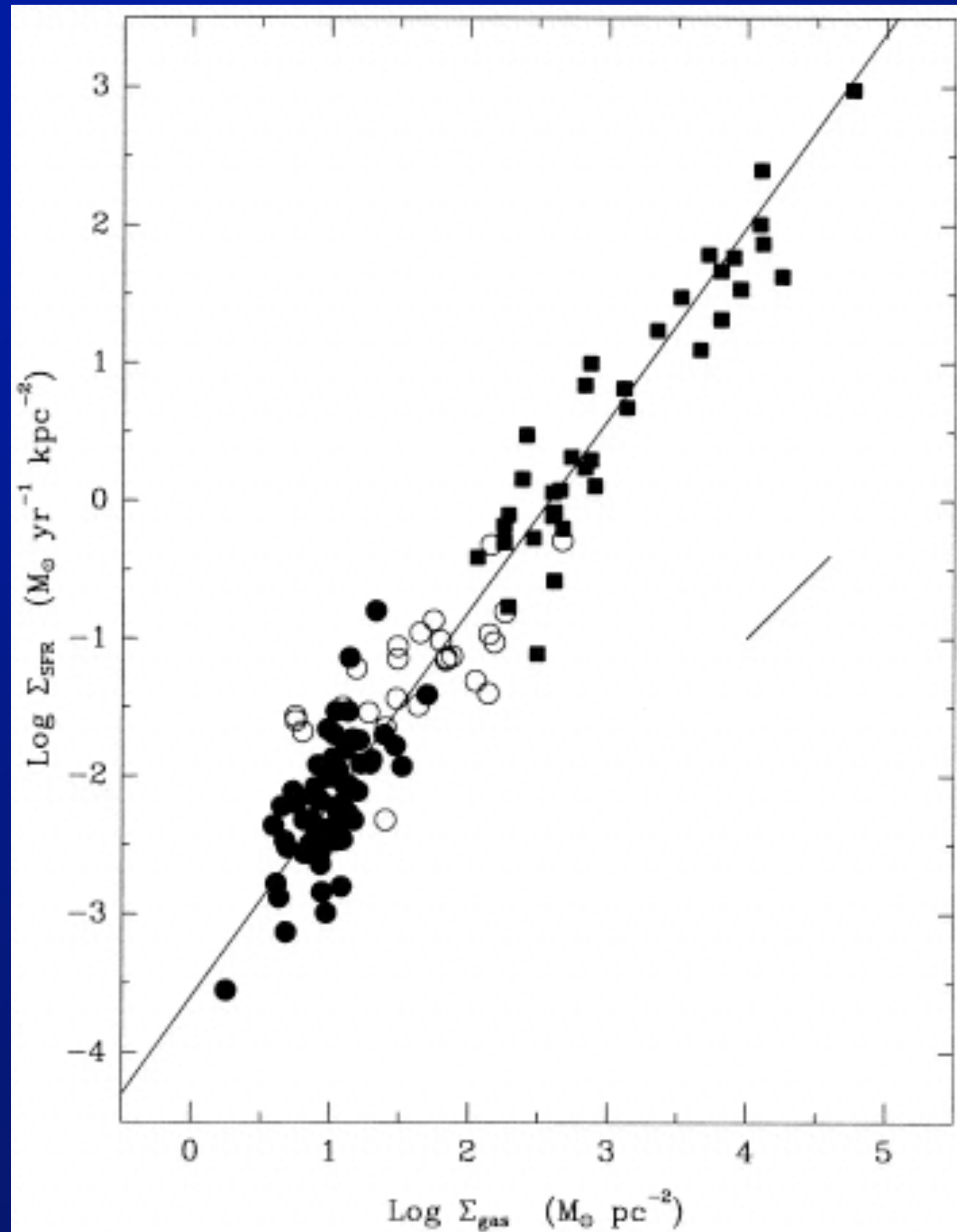
Evolution of the interstellar medium in star-forming galaxies



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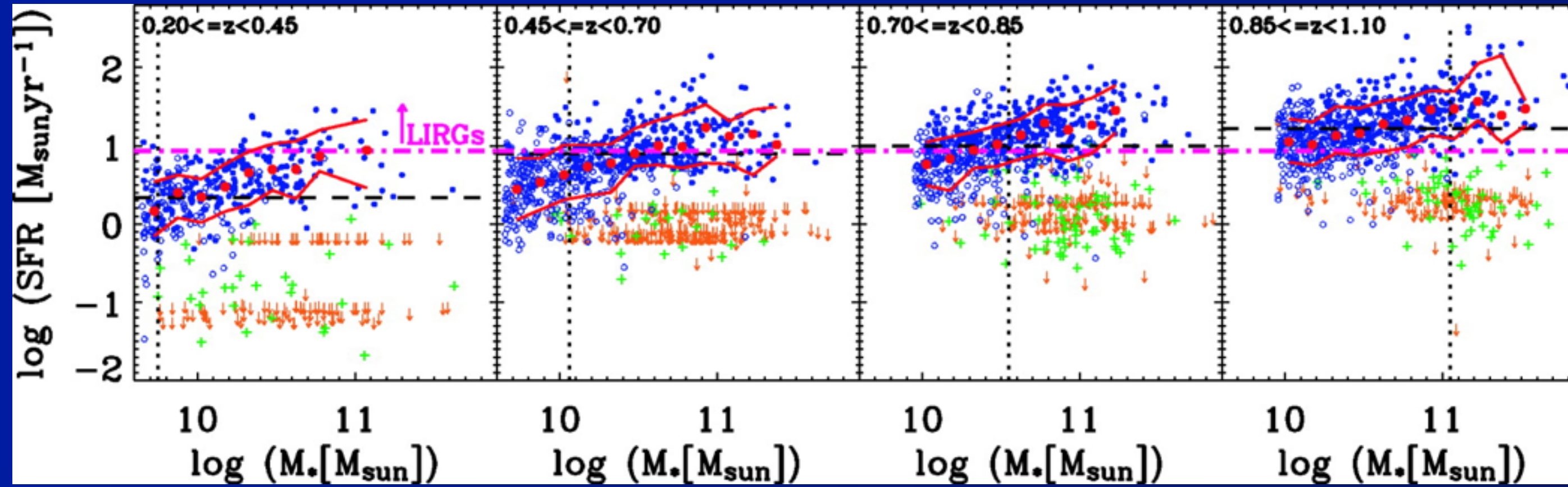
The Schmidt-Kennicutt relation



$$\Sigma_{SFR} = A \Sigma_{gas}^n$$

Schmidt 59, Kennicutt 98

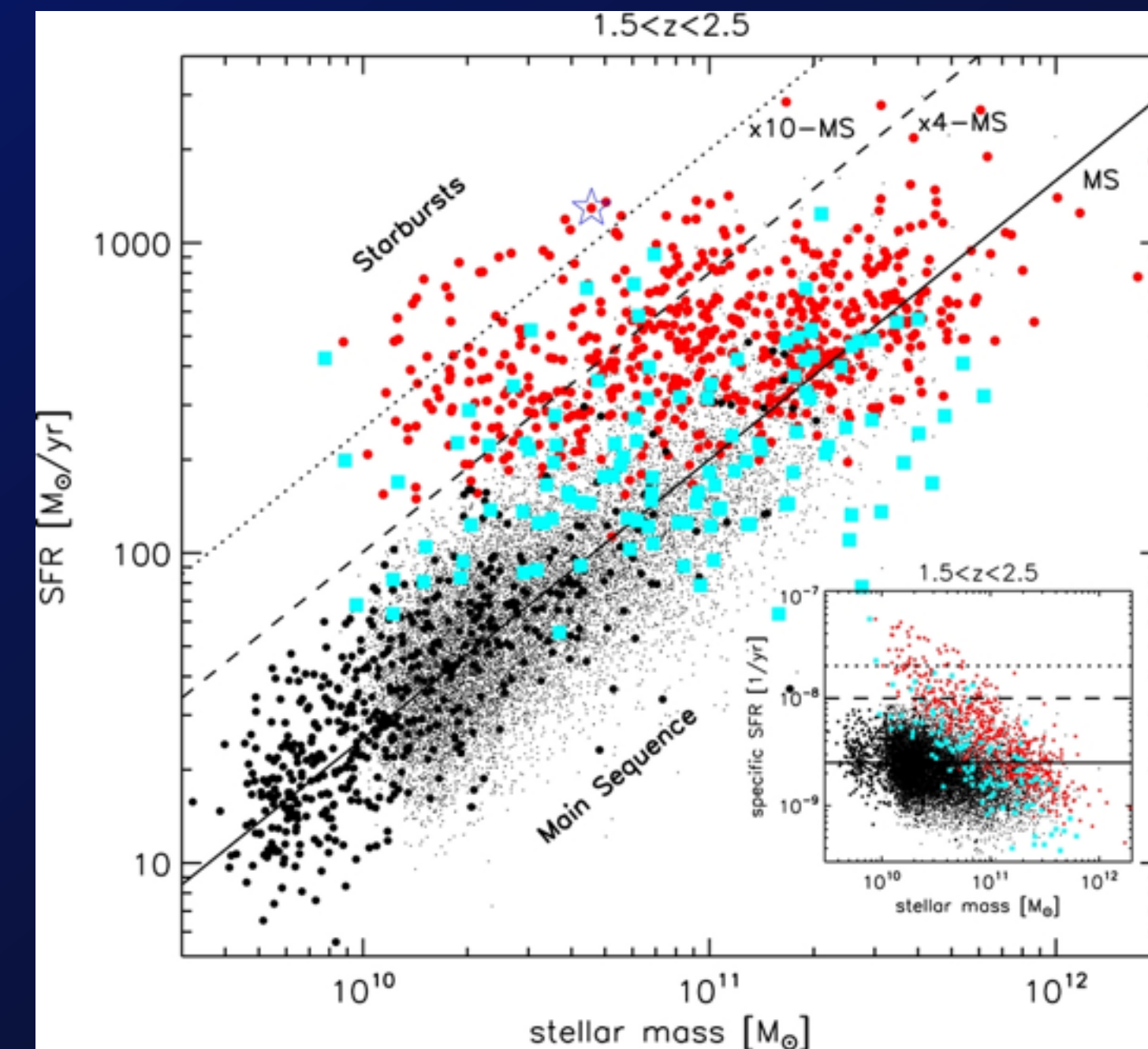
The "Main Sequence" of galaxies

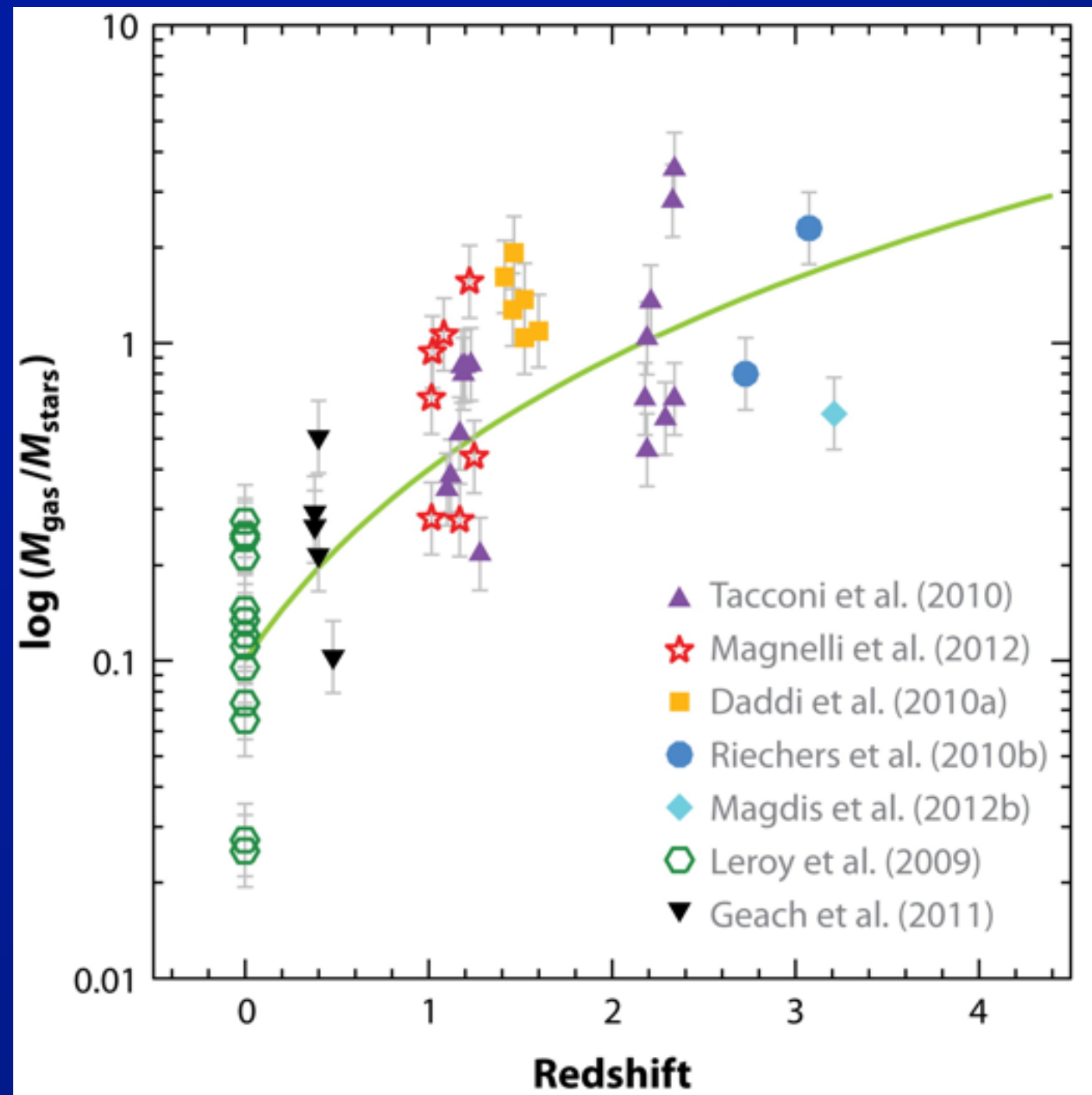


Noeske+07

The main sequence evolves!!

Rodighiero+11

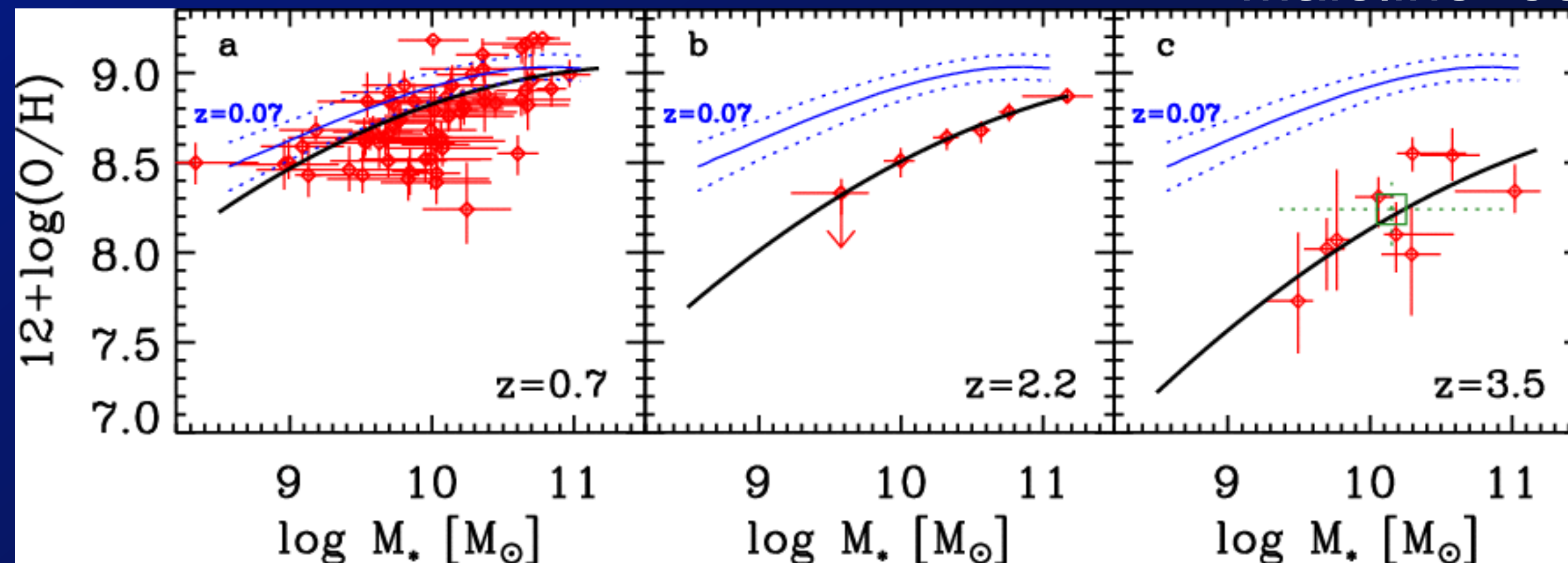




AR Carilli CL, Walter F. 2013.
Annu. Rev. Astron. Astrophys. 51:105–61

Galaxies had more gas and less metals in the past

Maiolino+08



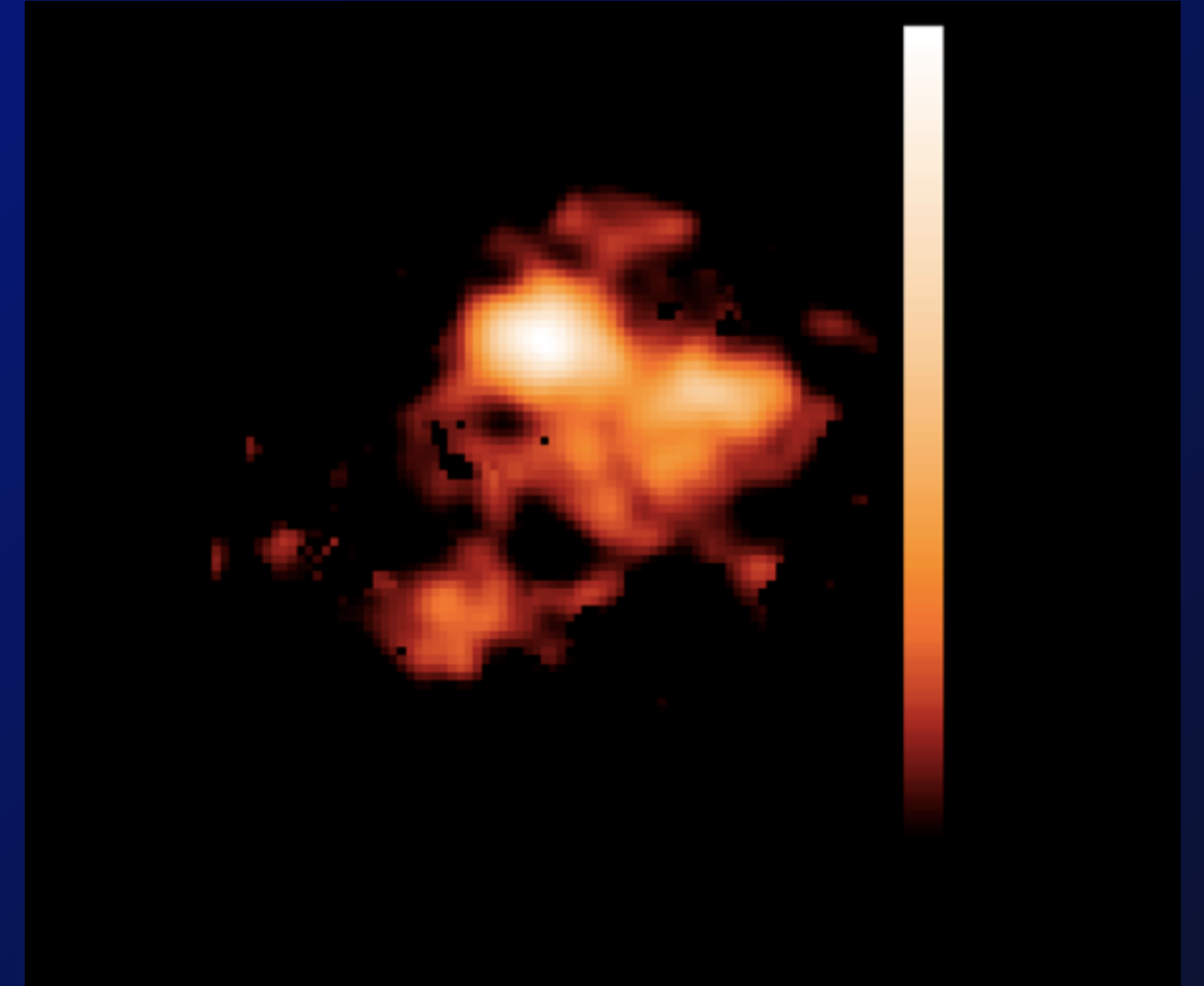
Galaxies are different at different epochs...



Local universe



High redshift



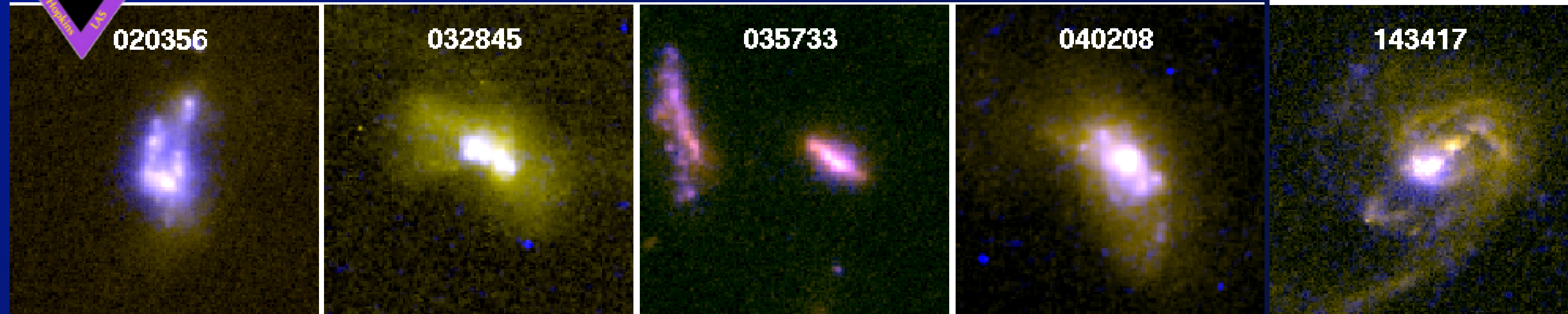
BUT: studies at high-z are hard!!

- Luminosity distances are large!
- Cosmic surface brightness dimming

The sample of Lyman break analogs



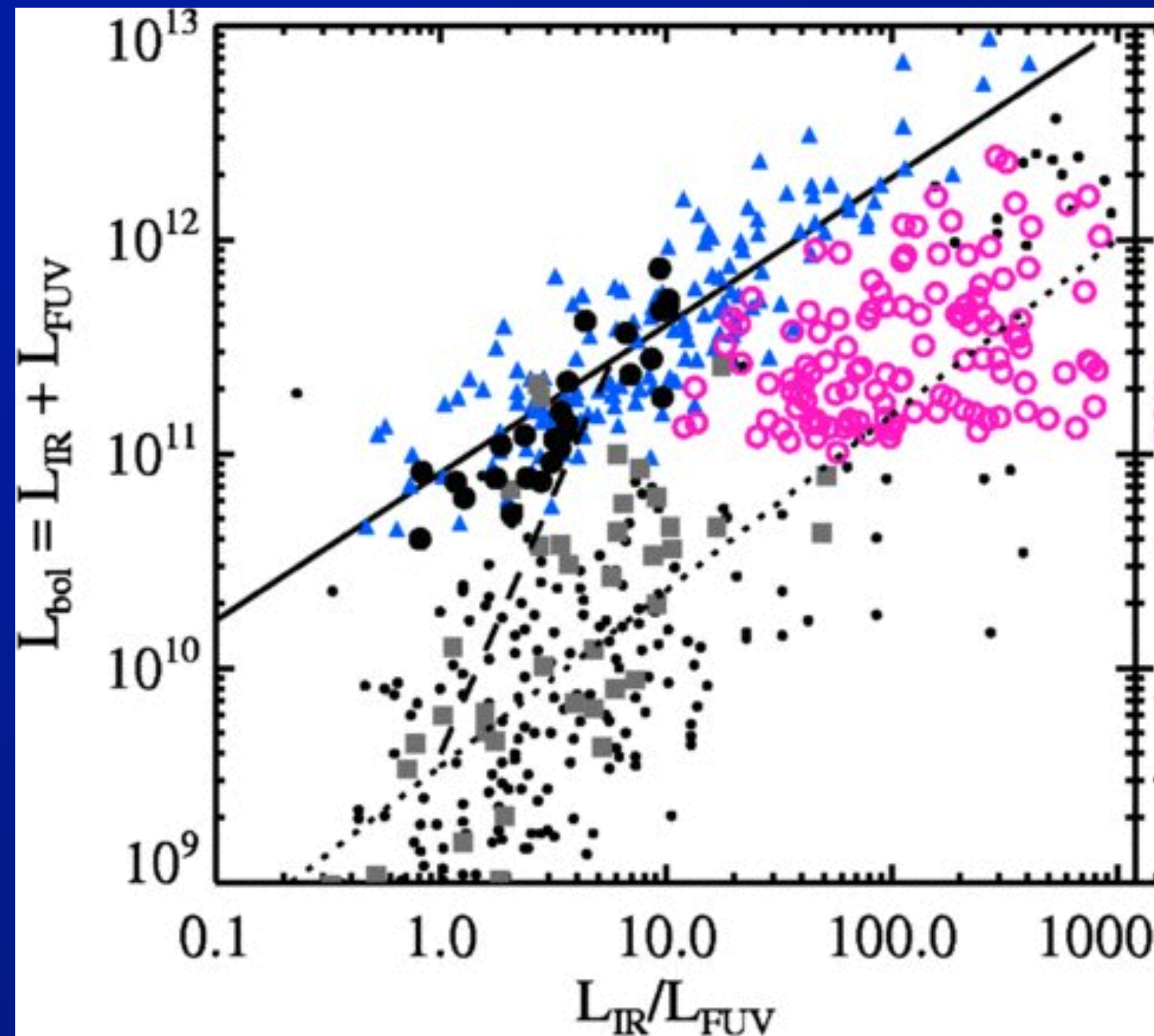
$z \sim 0.2$



$$L_{\text{FUV}} \geq 2 \times 10^{10} L_{\odot}$$
$$I_{1530} \geq 10^9 L_{\odot} \text{ kpc}^{-2}$$

Hoopes et al. (2007)
Overzier et al. (2009)

***LBA**s are similar to high-*z* starbursts!*

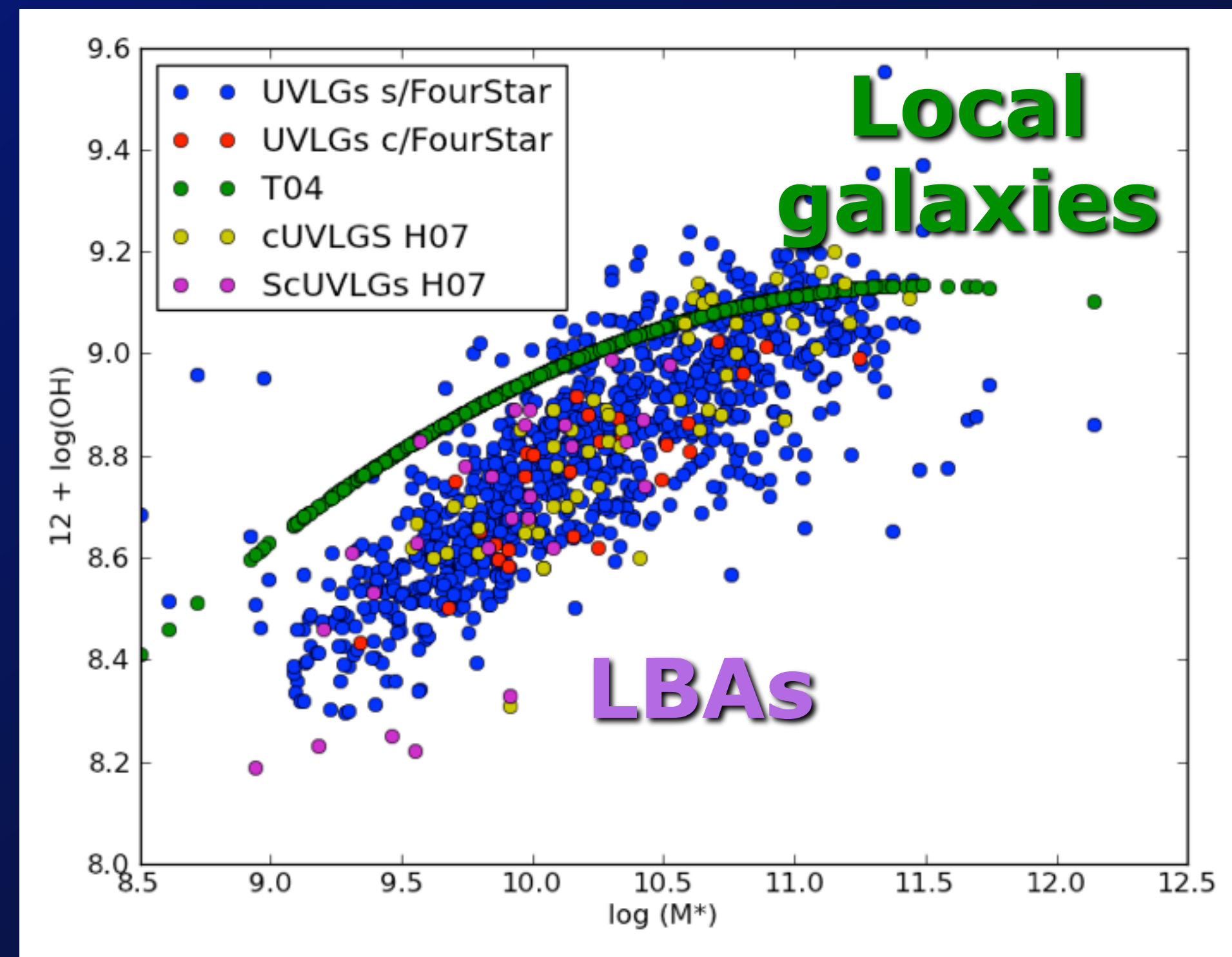


Overzier+11

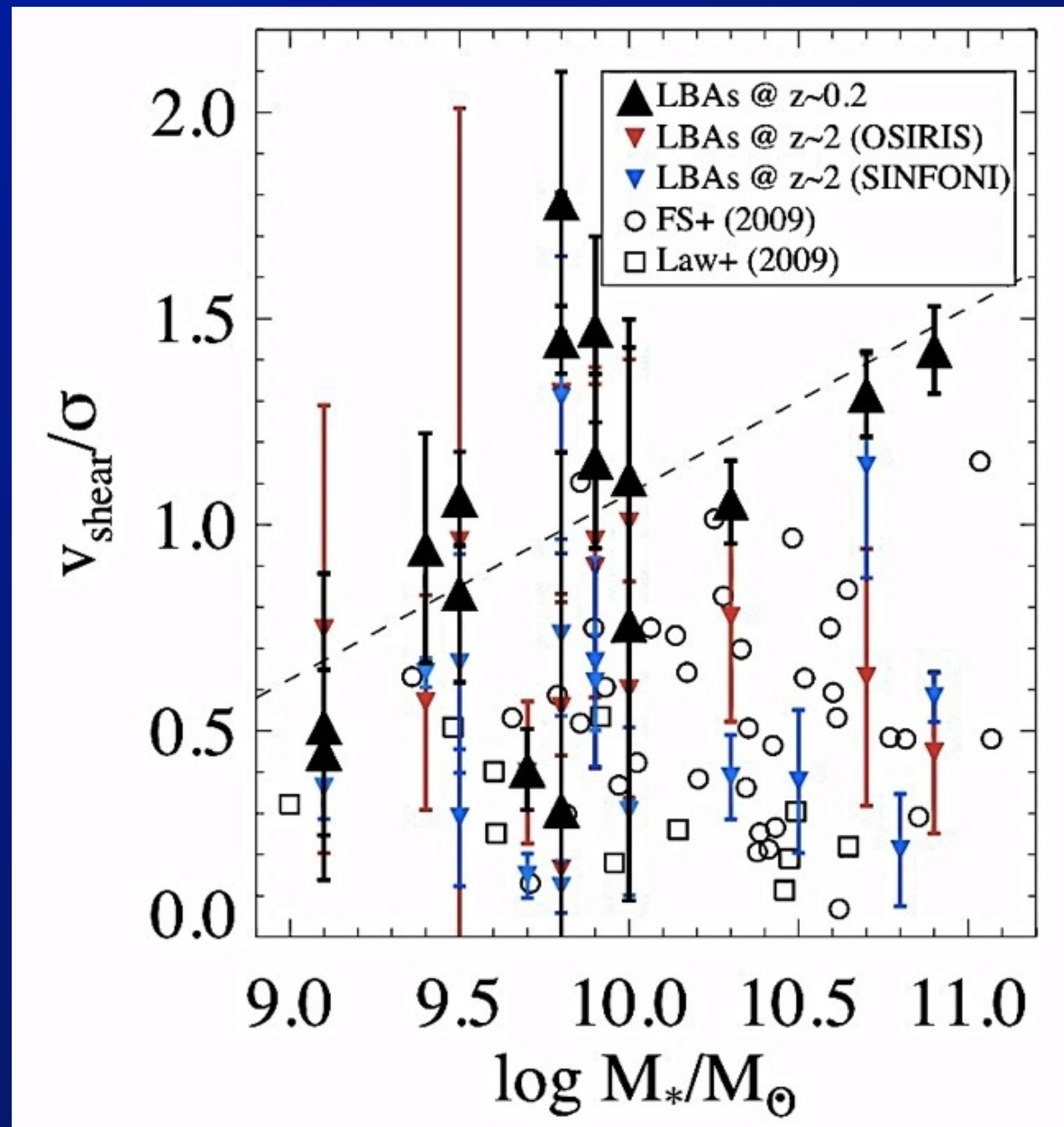
Santos-de-Oliveira et al., in prep

Low extinction

Mass-metallicity relation

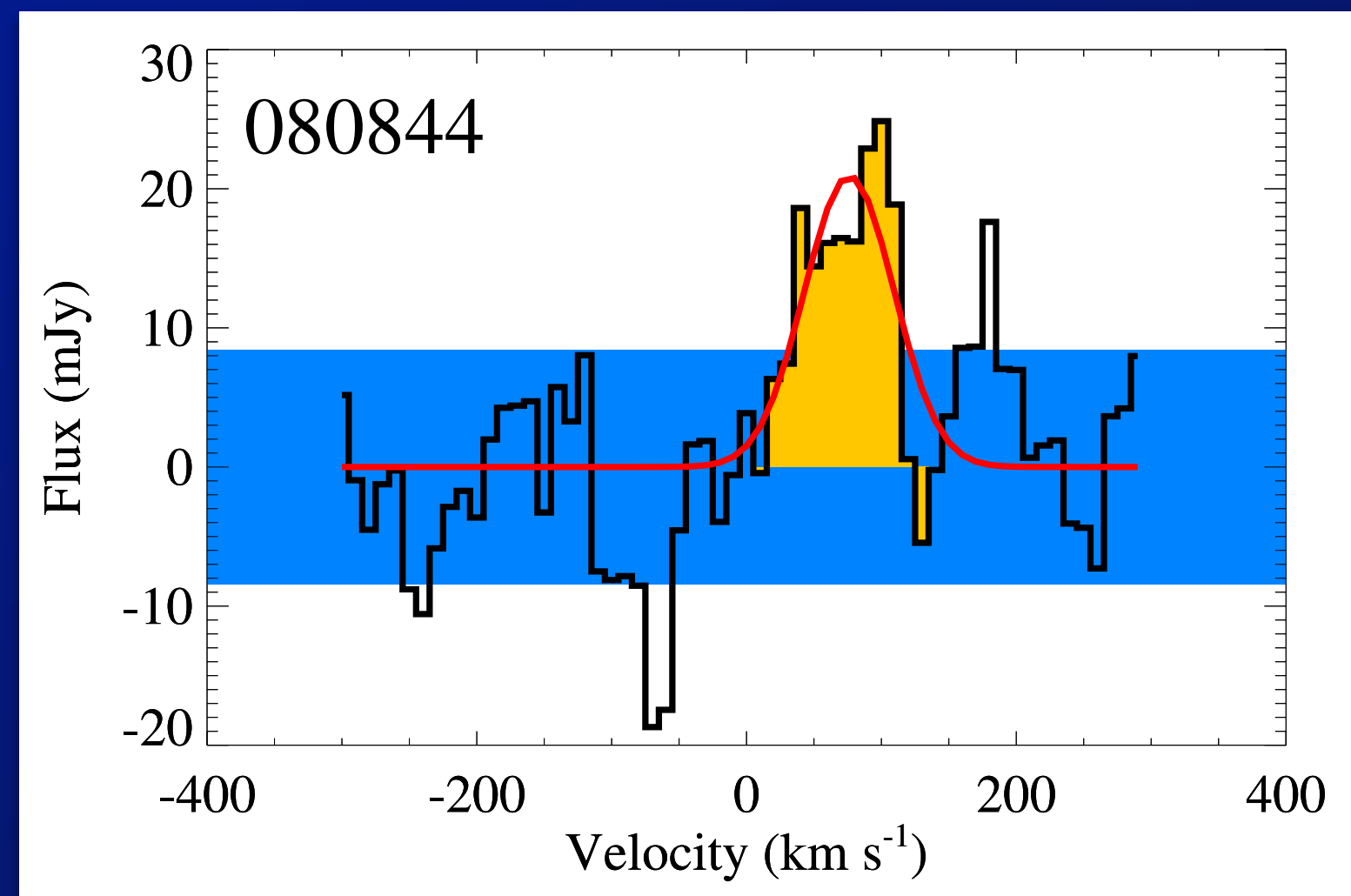
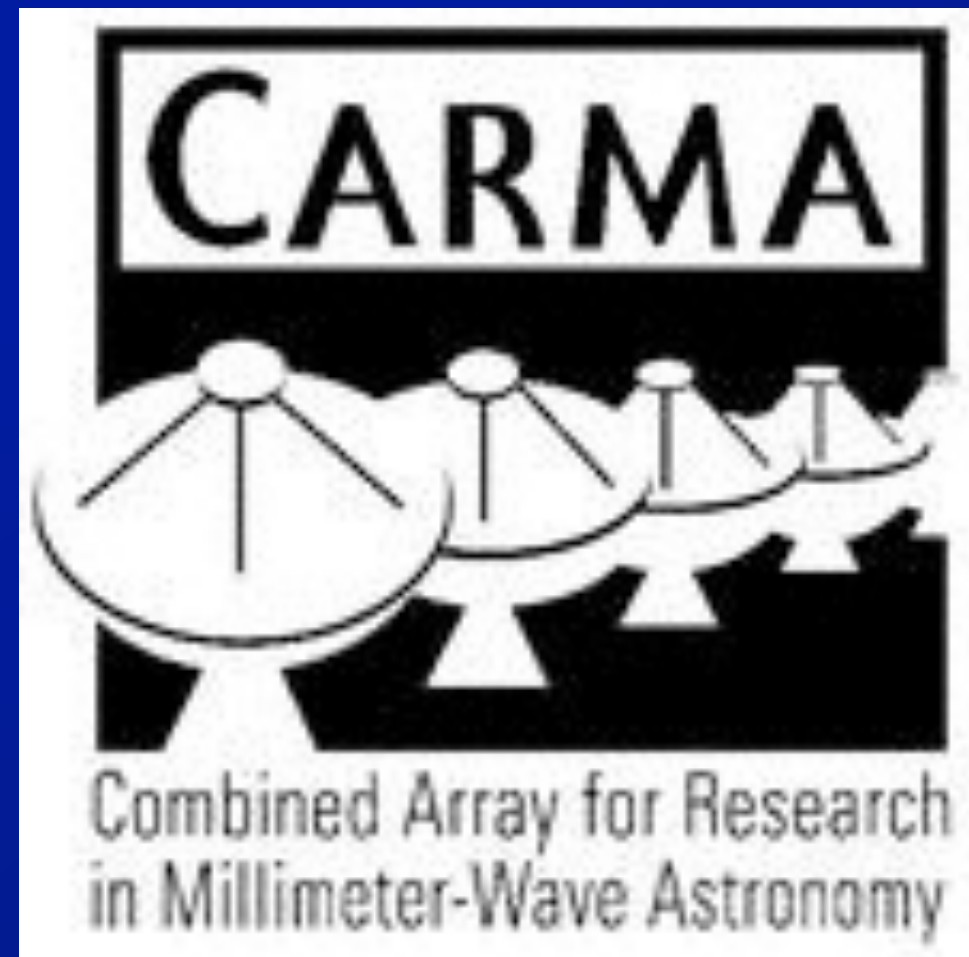


IFU: LBAs are turbulent



Gonçalves+10

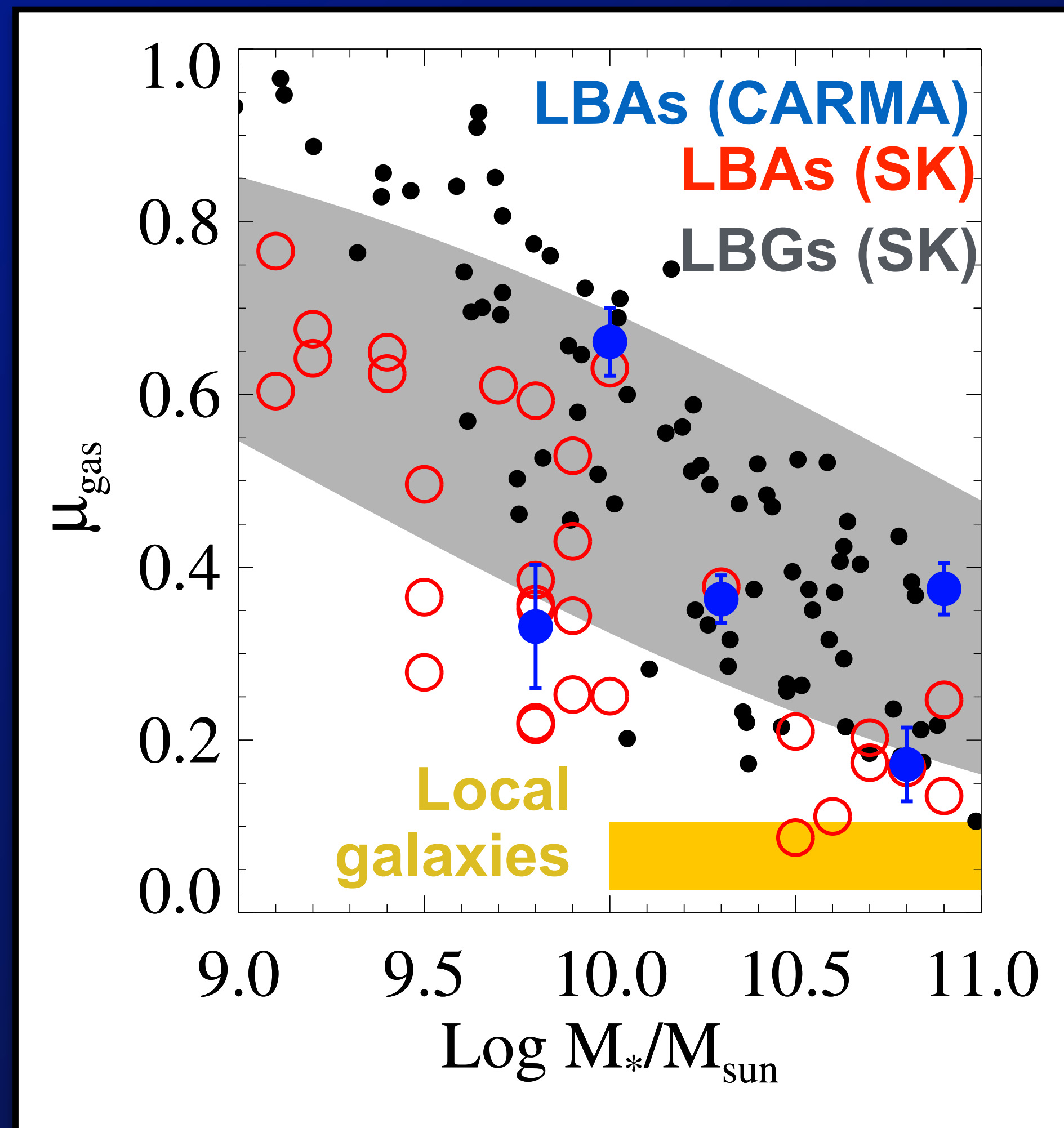
The molecular gas in LBAs



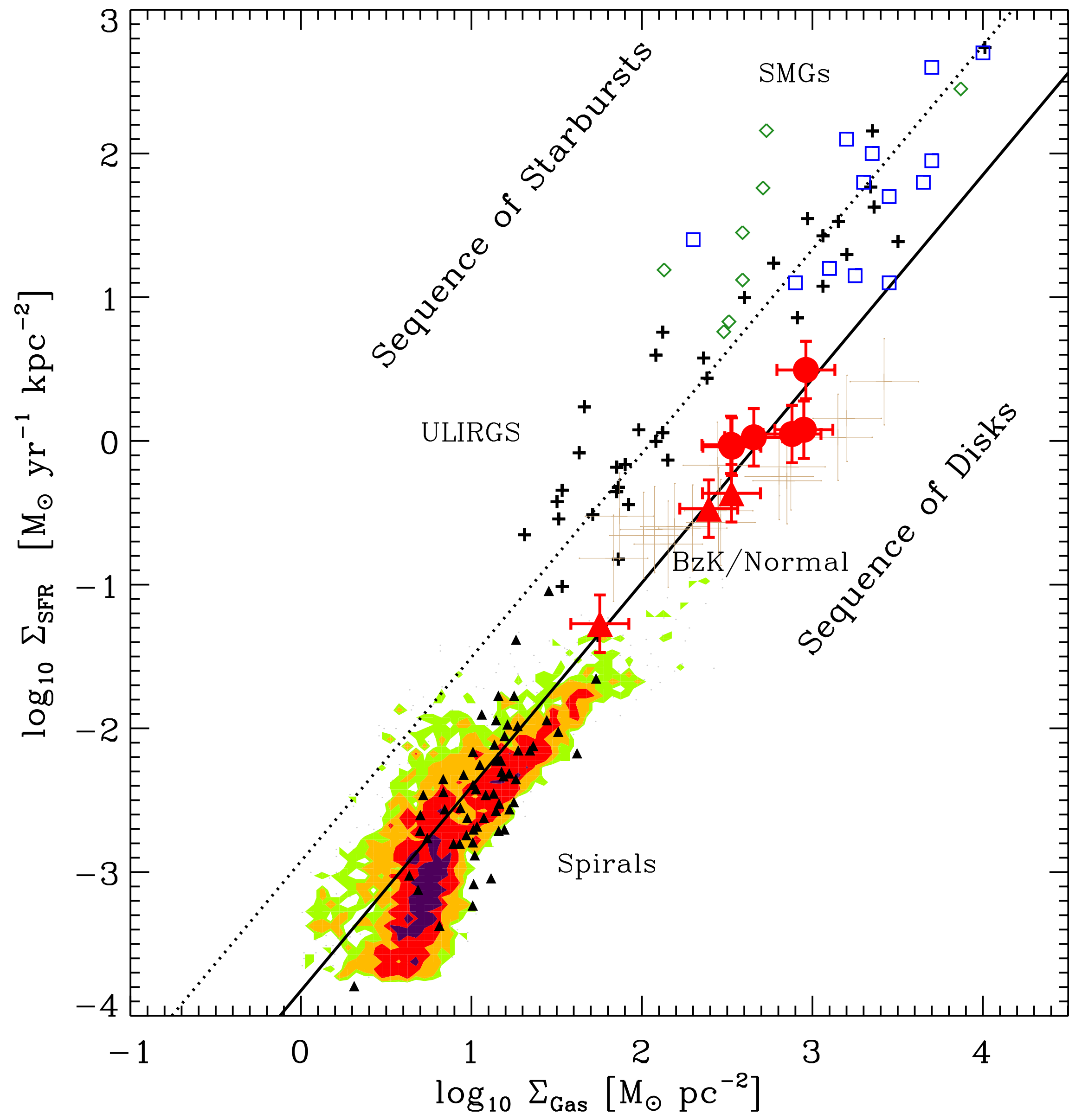
- 15 antennas in Cedar Flat, California
- CO(1-0) survey of Lyman break analogs with CARMA (~100h)
- D configuration, spatial resolution ~5"

High gas fractions in starbursts

Very similar to other high-z samples



Erb+06, Gonçalves+14



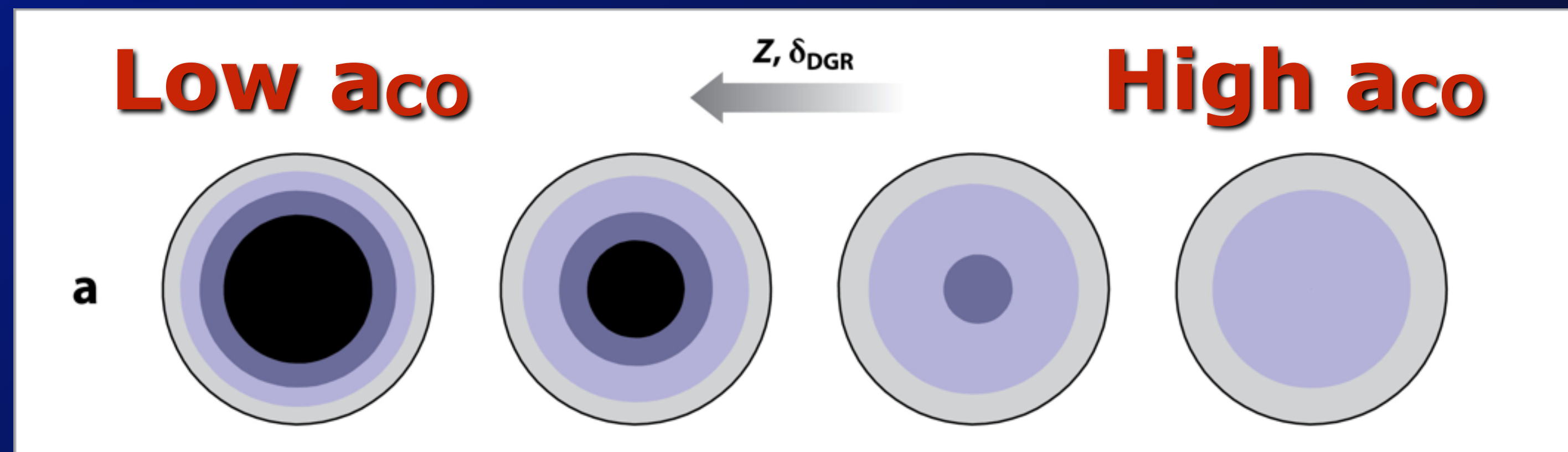
The conversion factor for starburst galaxies

IR-bright galaxies: hot AND turbulent! =>
High CO luminosities

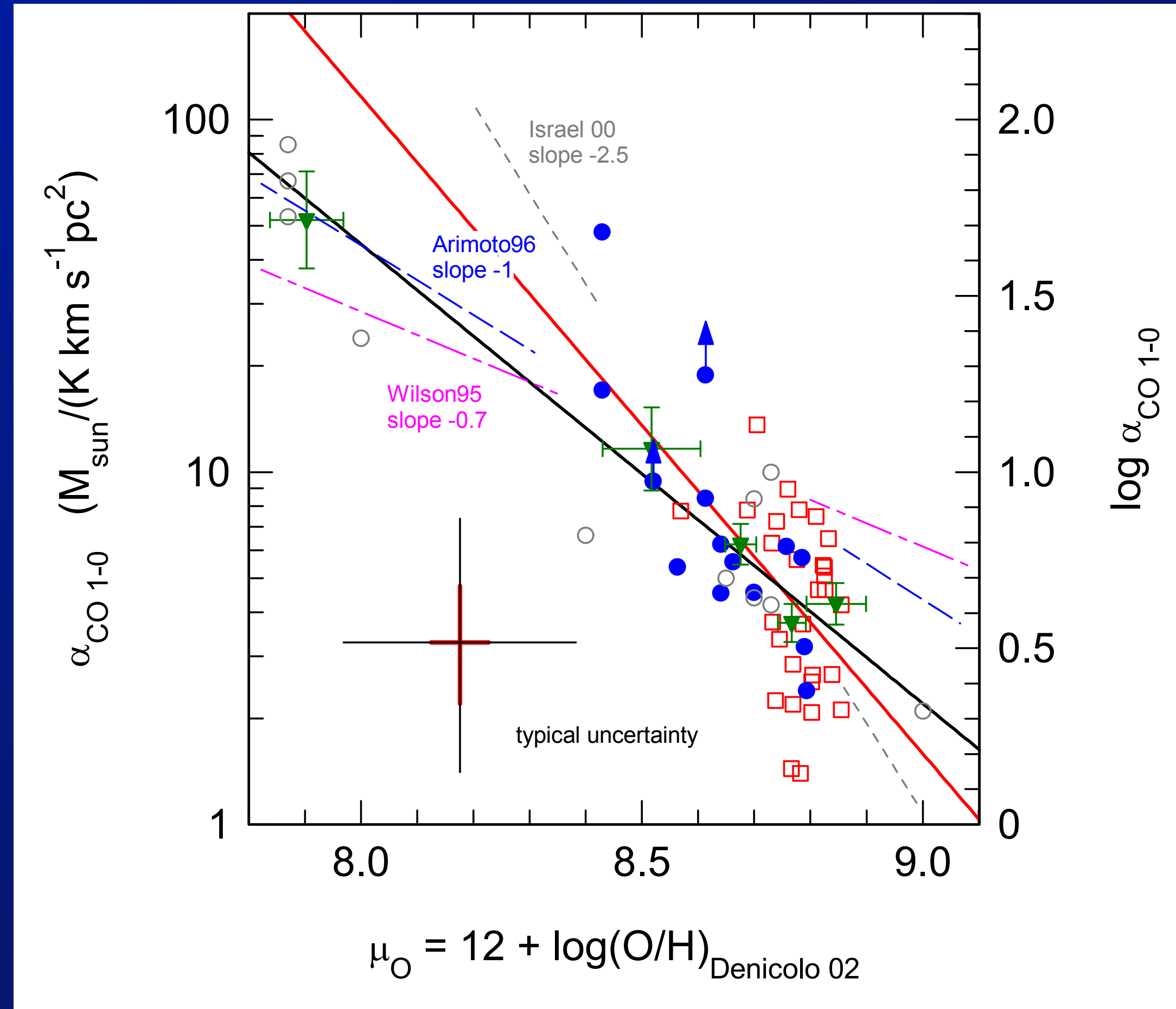
Narayanan+11, Papadopoulos+12

$a_{\text{CO}} \sim 4$ (MW), $a_{\text{CO}} \sim 0.9$ (ULIRGs)

The conversion factor for metal-poor galaxies

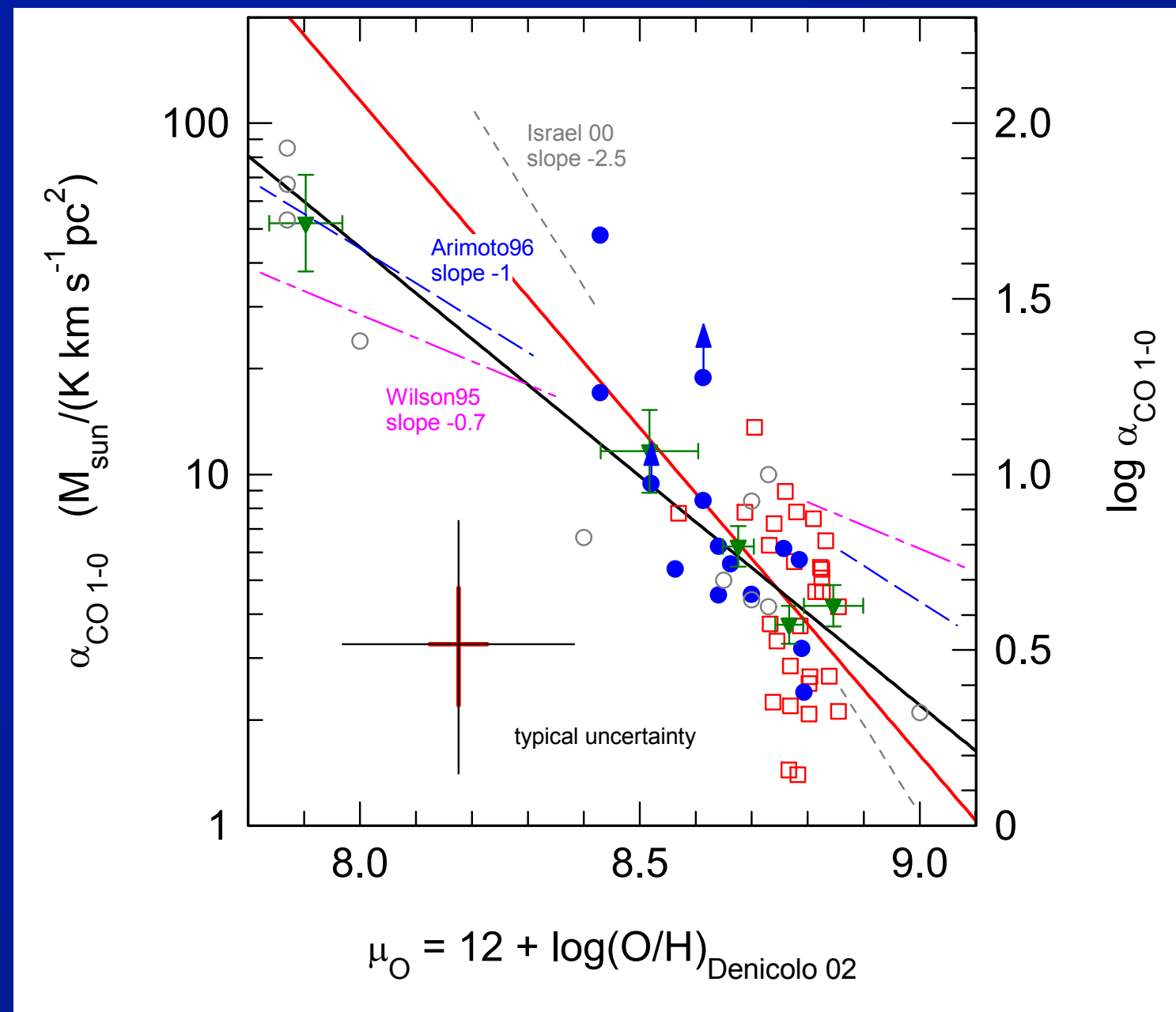


High-z galaxies?

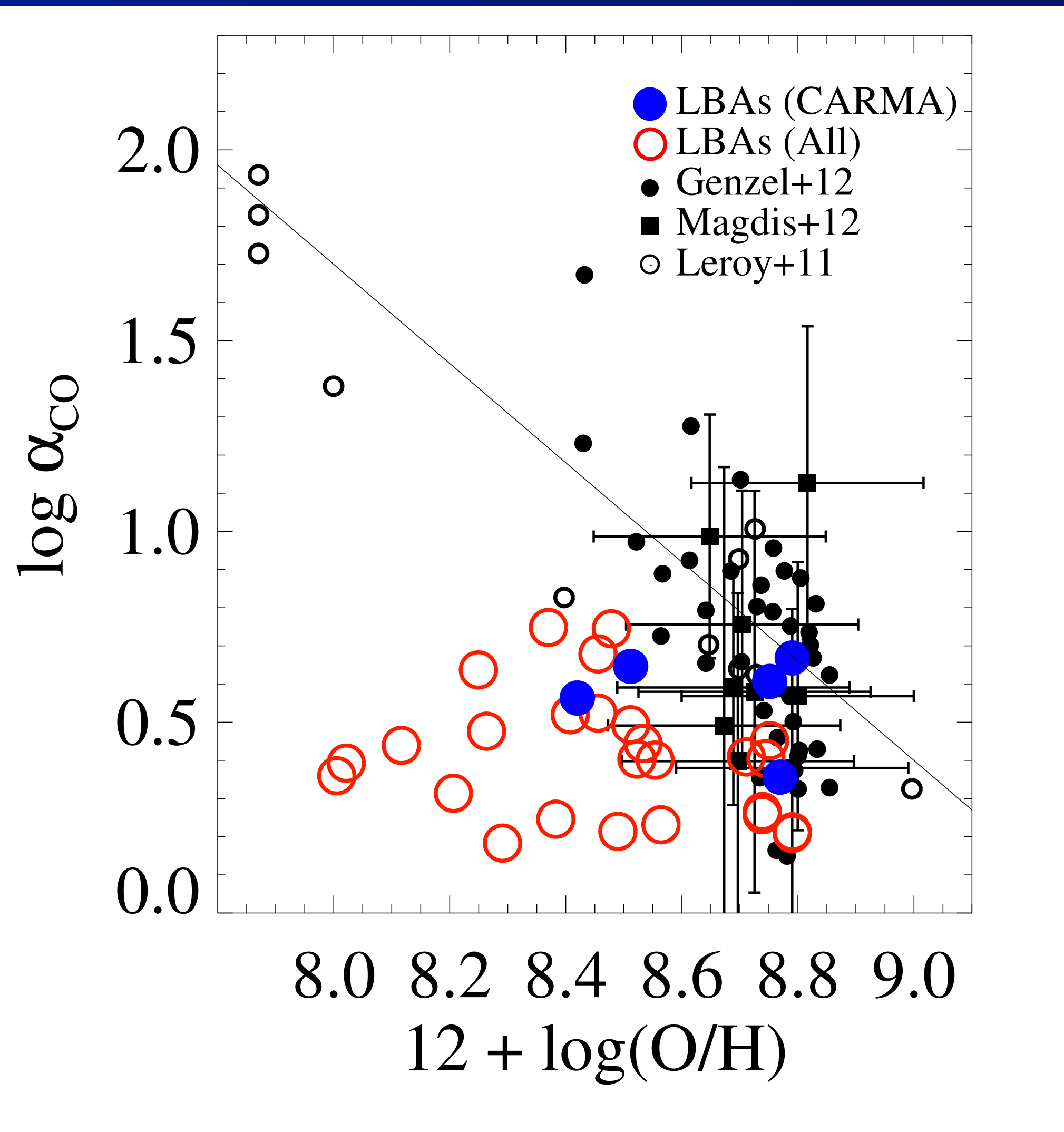


Genzel+ 11

**BUT: UV-bright galaxies are
turbulent AND metal-poor!!**

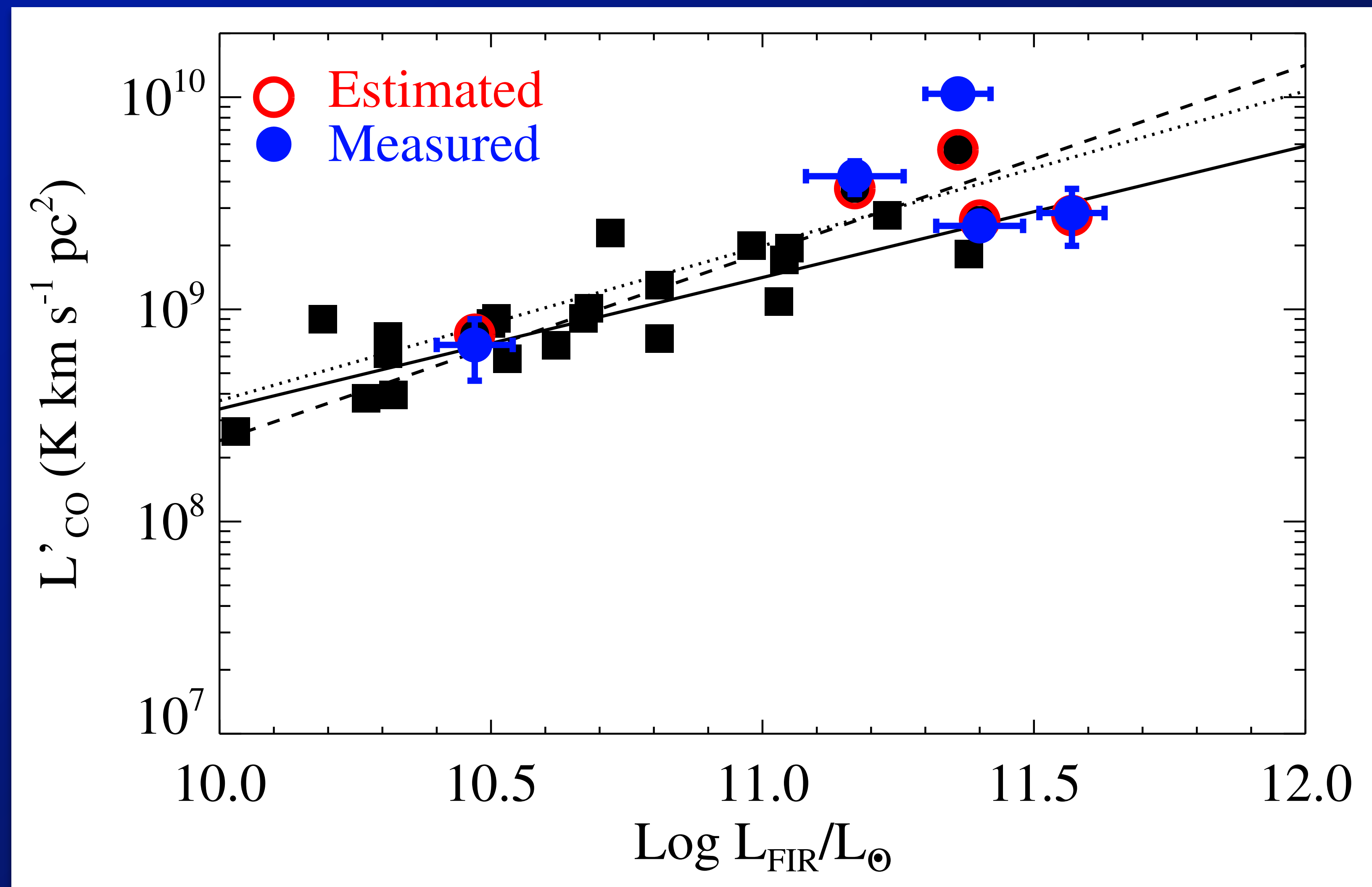


Genzel+ 11



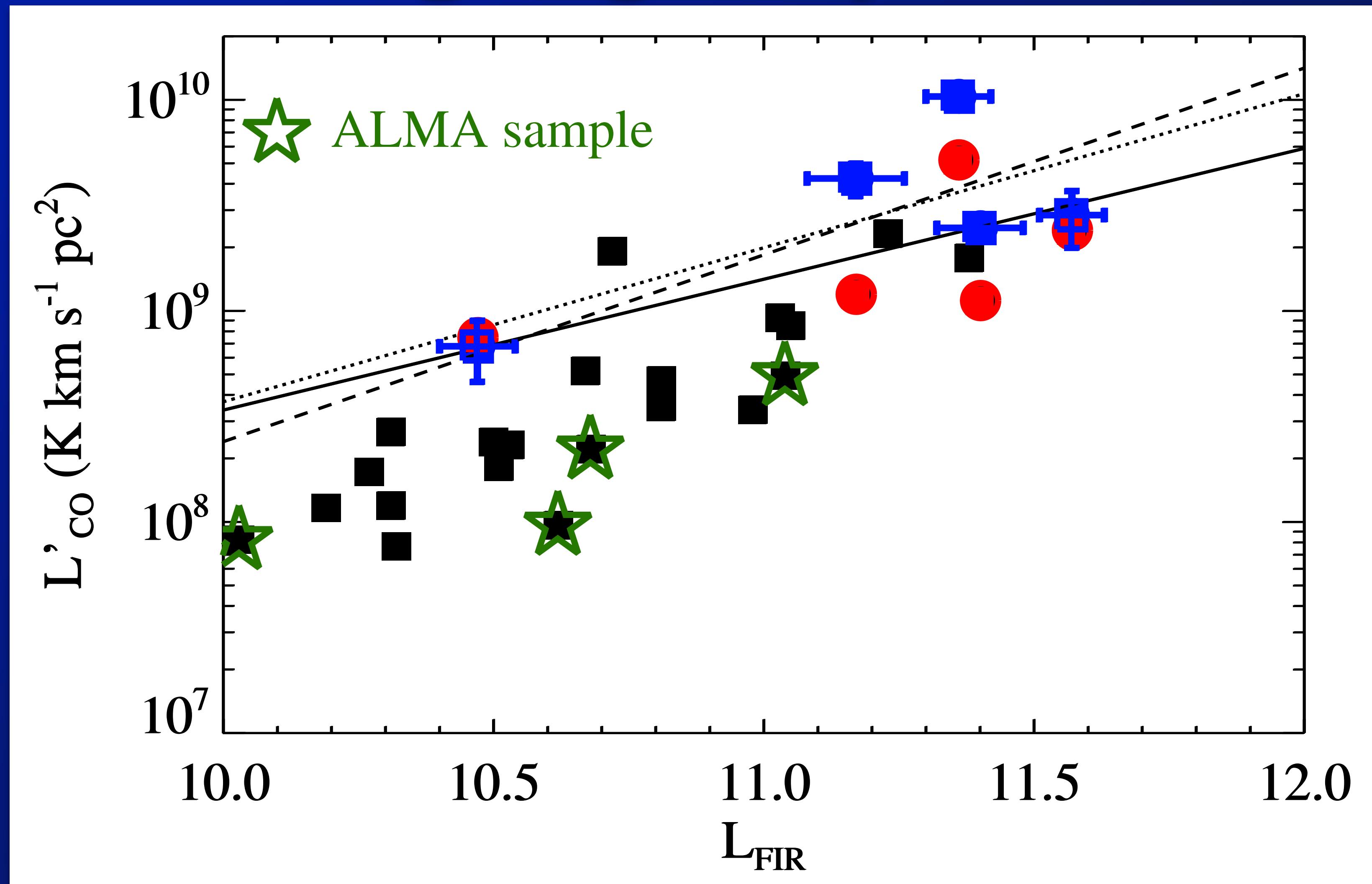
Gonçalves+14

The FIR-CO relation



Gonçalves+14

Assuming high alpha...



S-K Law? $\alpha(Z)$? $L'(\text{CO})-L(\text{FIR})$?

Summary

- Galaxies in the past had more gas and less metals; how were they formed? Cold flows, mergers?
- LBAs make an excellent case for local analogs to star forming galaxies at $z \sim 2-3$, and can be studied in more detail
- LBAs have a lot of very dense, turbulent gas, but still follow S-K relation
- The a_{CO} problem: very unclear for high- z galaxies