

Cleaning up the high-redshift dusty universe with JWST and Wideband ALMA

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Outflows driven by star formation or black holes

M82

Supernova-driven outflow, $D \sim 4\text{Mpc}$

Centaurus A

AGN-driven outflow, $D \sim 4\text{Mpc}$



$\sim 10^6\text{ K}$ X-ray gas

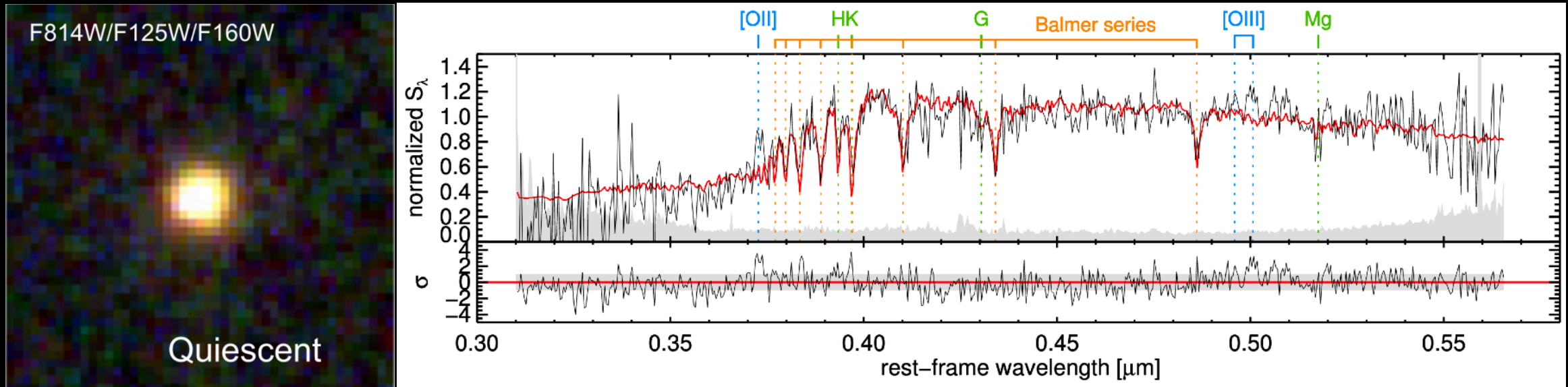
$\sim 10^4\text{ K}$ warm gas

$< 1000\text{ K}$ cold gas
and dust



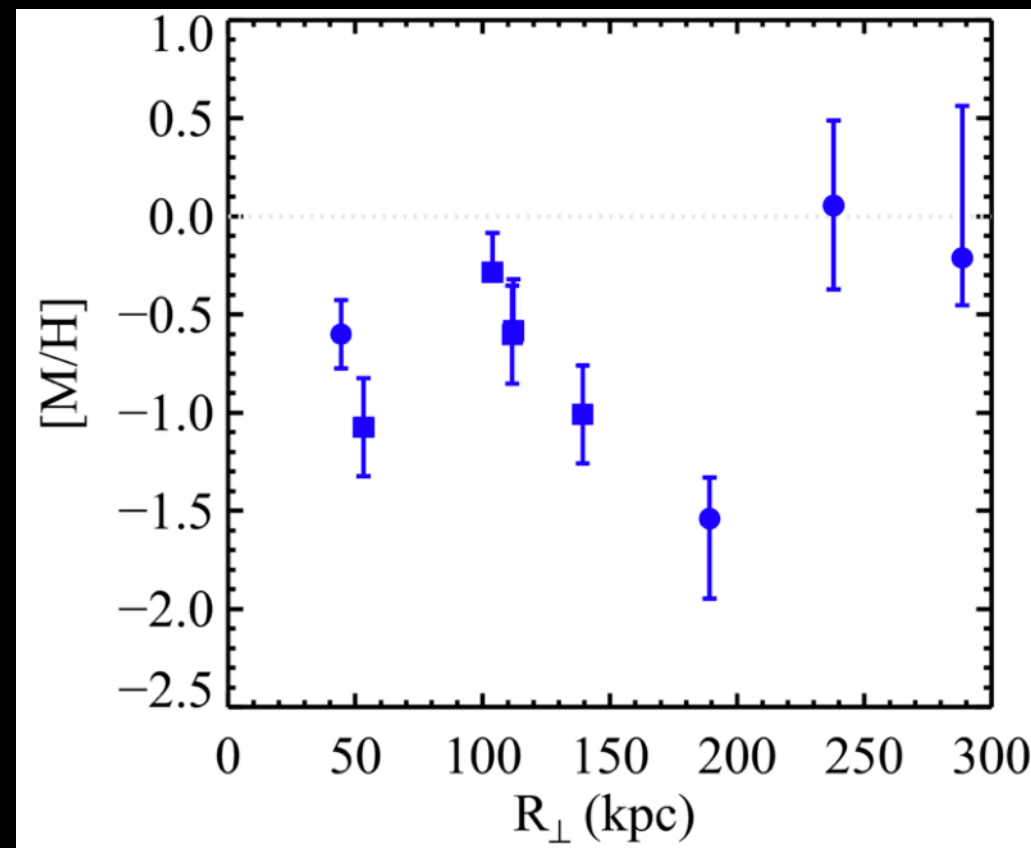
Evidence for feedback in the early universe

Massive ($\sim 10^{11} M_{\text{sun}}$) quiescent galaxies discovered at $z > \sim 4$



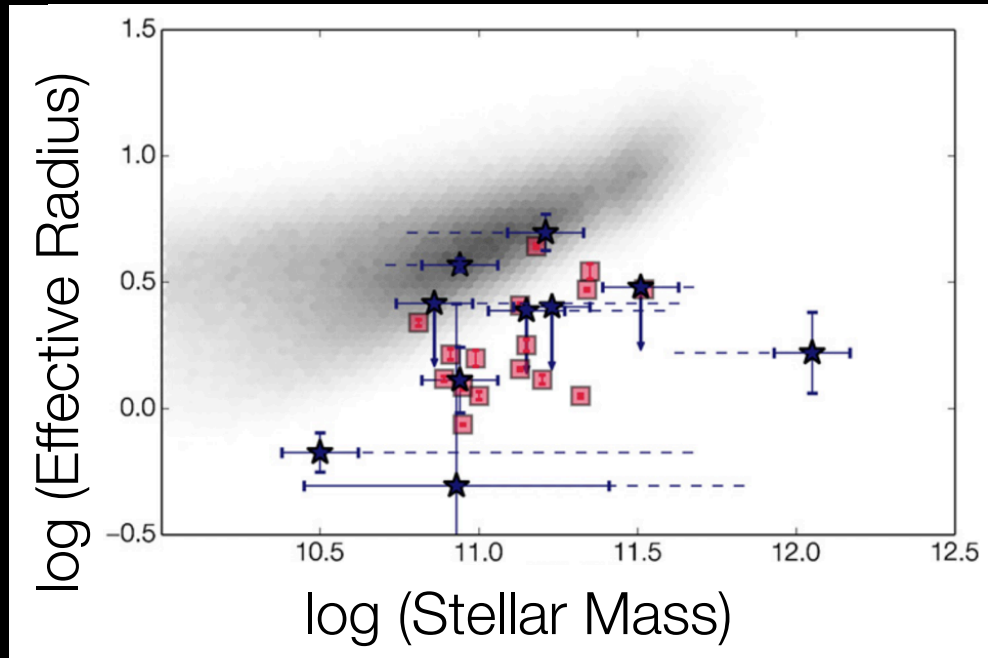
e.g. Straatman+2014, Glazebrook+2017, Schreiber+2018

Metal-enriched gas
detected out to
hundreds of kpc
outside $z \sim 3$ galaxies

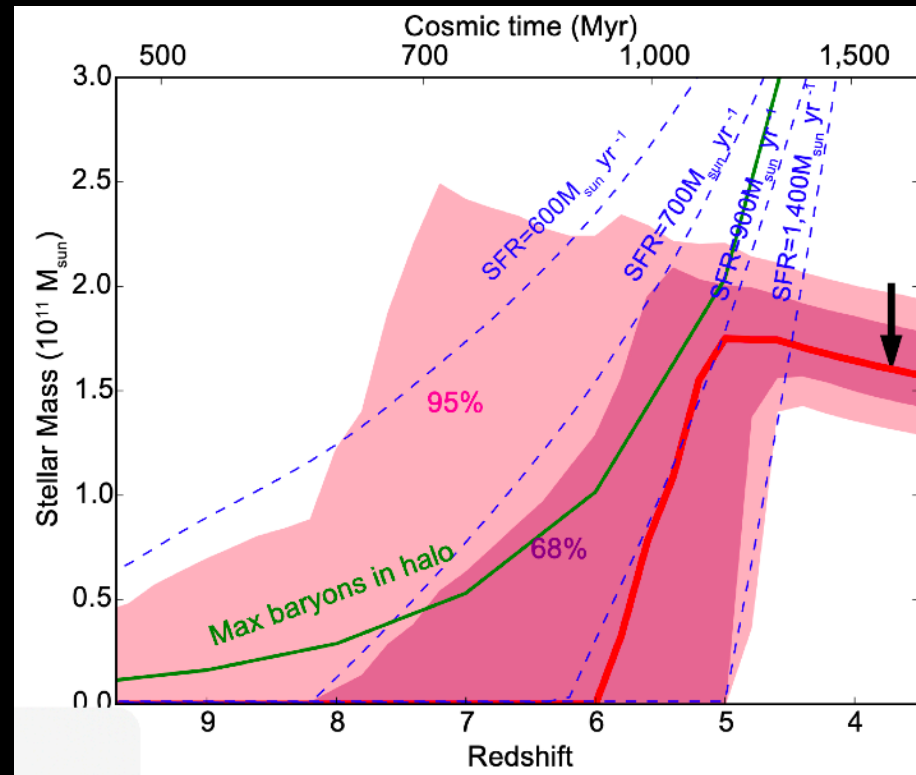


e.g. Prochaska+2014, Lau+2016

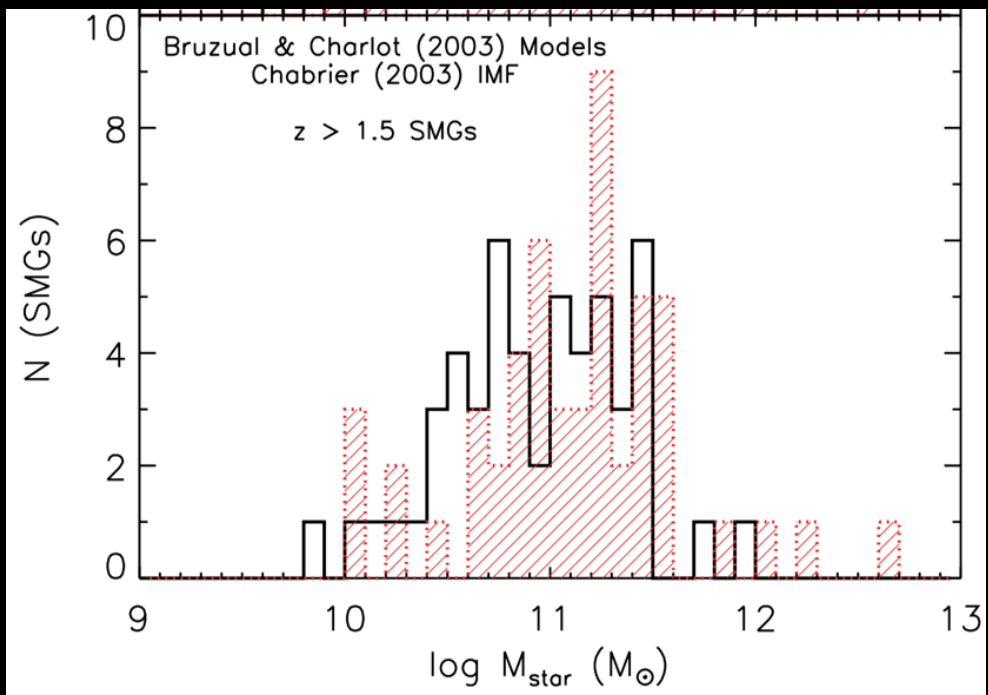
Dusty Galaxies as Plausible Quiescent Progenitors



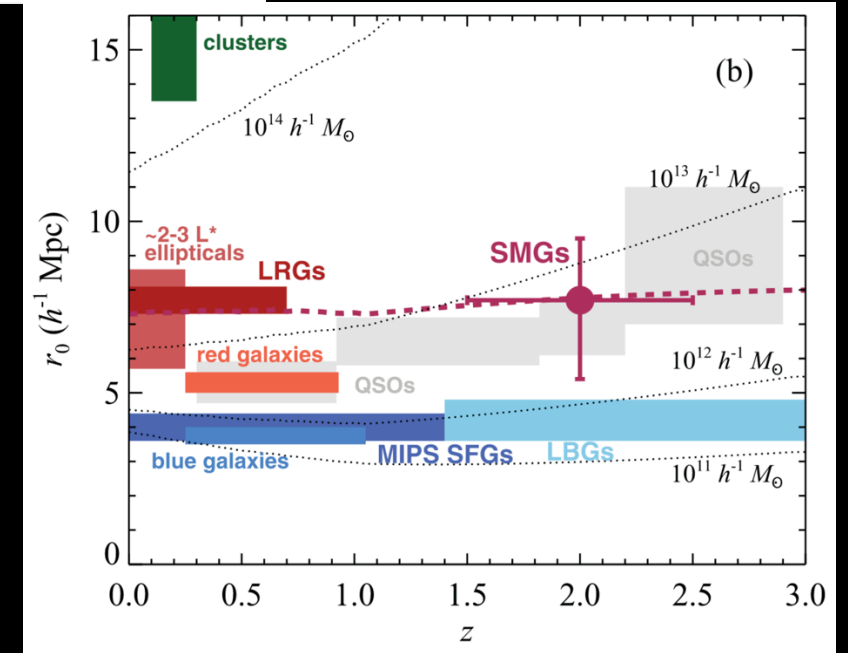
Dusty galaxies have similar structures as passive galaxies
e.g., Toft+2014, Spilker+2016a, many others



Dusty galaxy SFRs high enough to reach $10^{11} M_{\text{sun}}$ by $z \sim 4$
e.g., Glazebrook+2017, Straatman+2014, Schreiber+2018, many others



Dusty galaxies have high stellar masses
e.g., Hainline+2011, Aravena+2016, many others



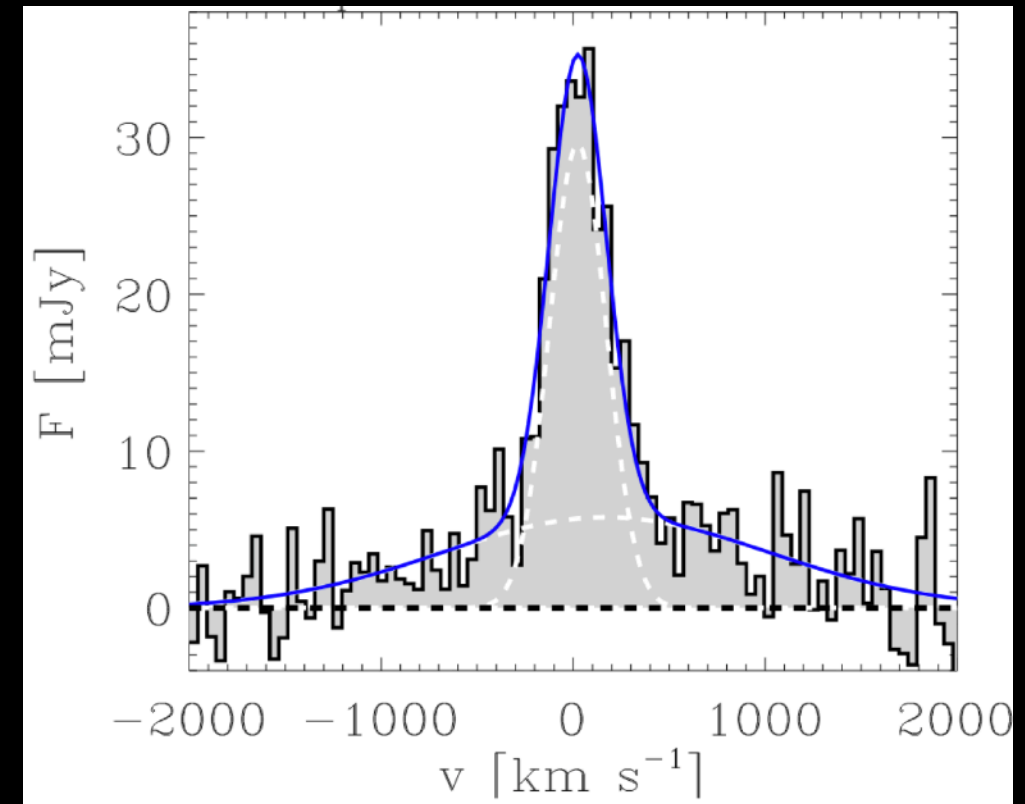
Dusty galaxies live in massive halos
e.g., Blain+2004, Weiss+2009, Hickox+2012, many others

Looking for cold outflows

- Pick a bright emission line, look for high-velocity line wings
- [CII] 158 μ m is bright, accessible, and arises from a large portion of the cold gas

$z = 6.4$ Quasar SDSS J1148+5251

Maolino+12, Ciccone+15
Old PdBI data

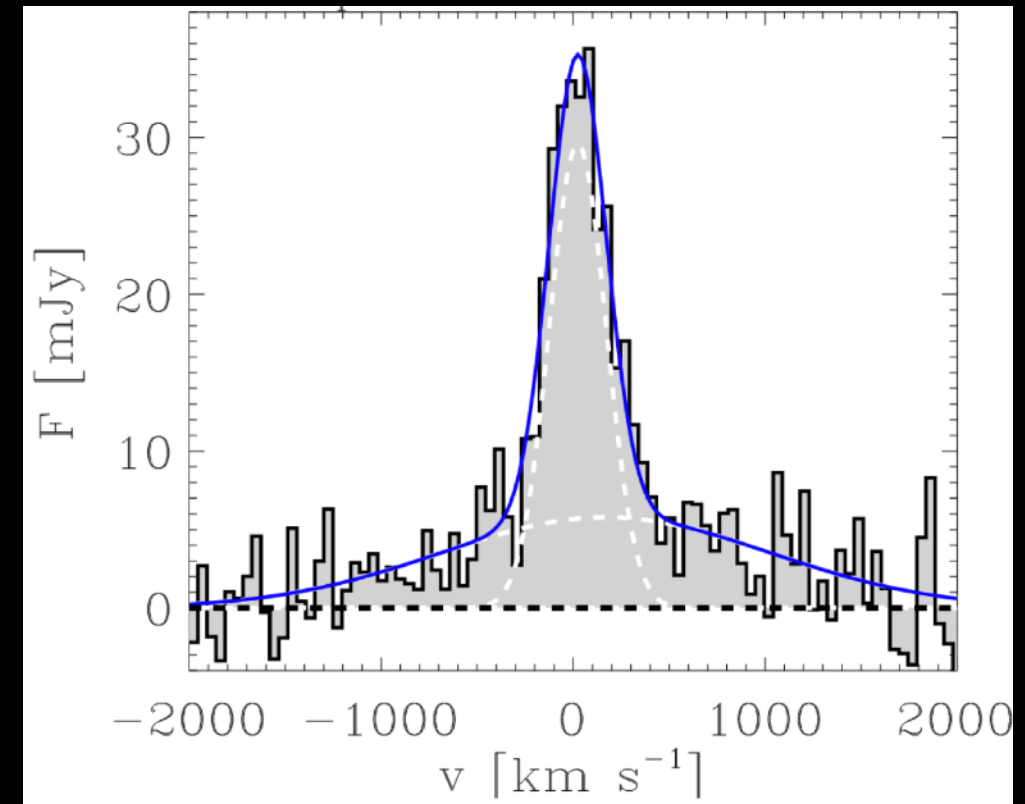


Looking for cold outflows in all the wrong places

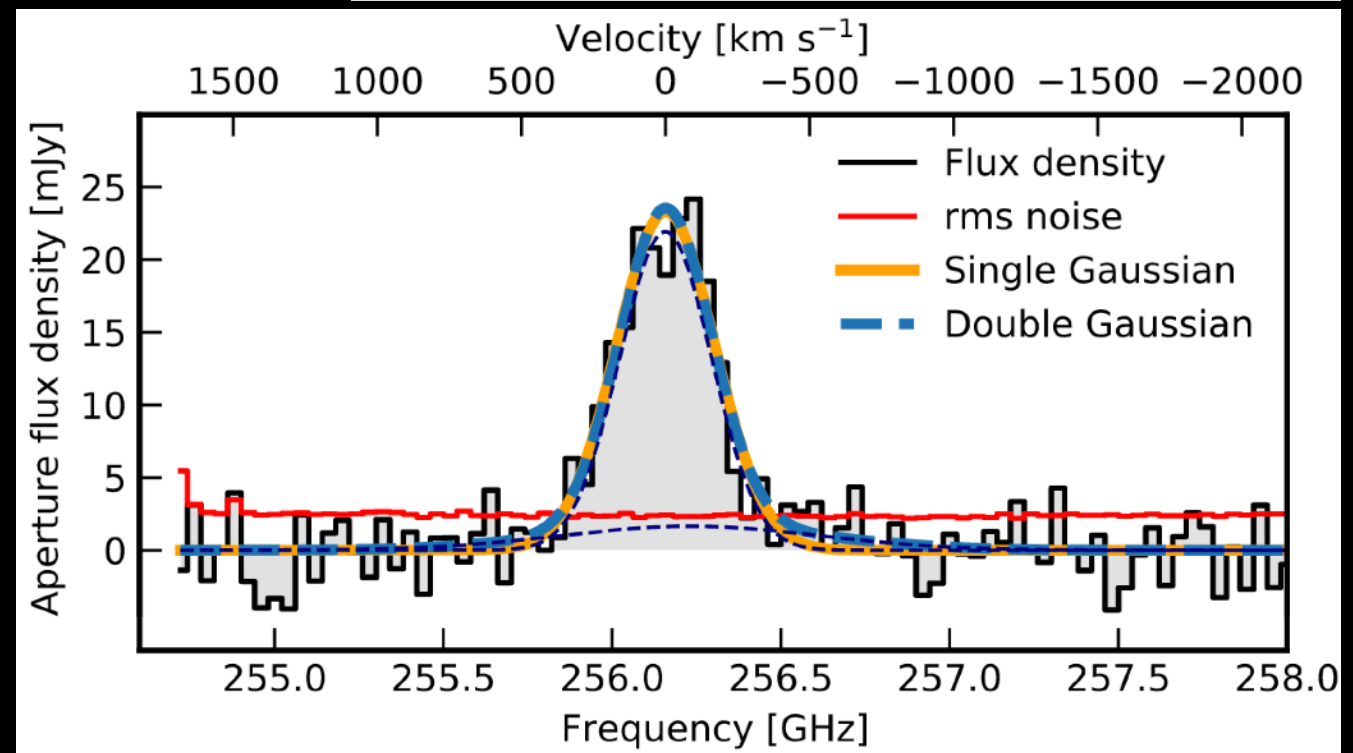
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Meyer+22
Upgraded NOEMA data
Deeper, wider freq coverage

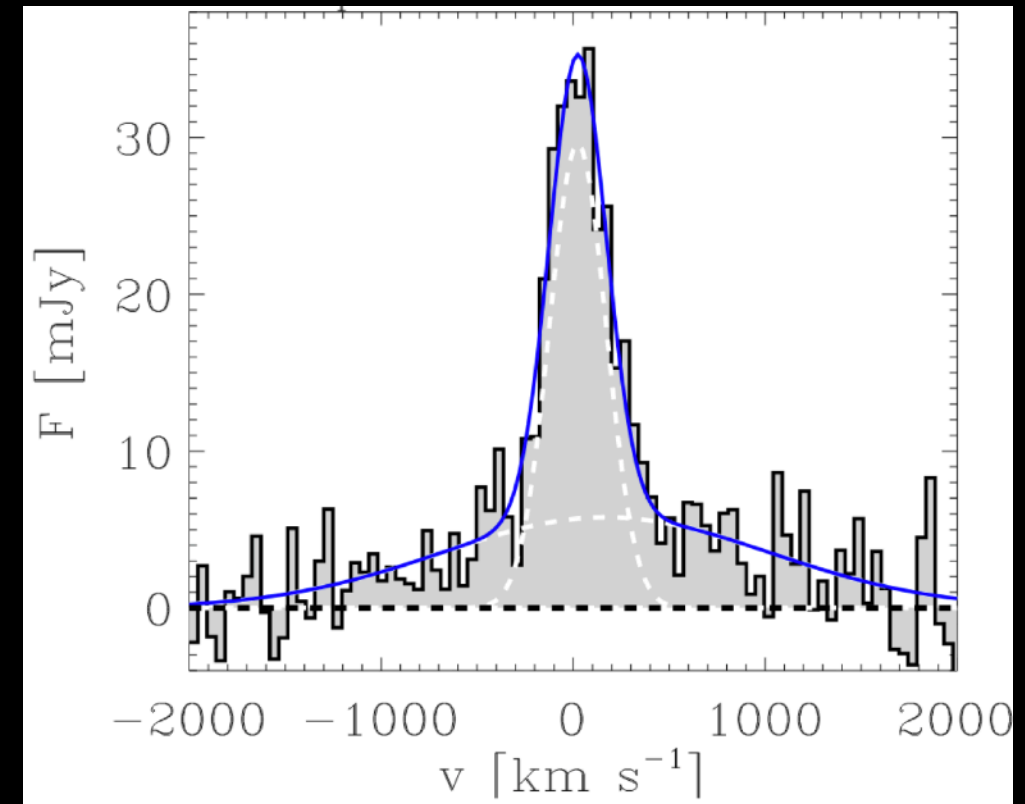


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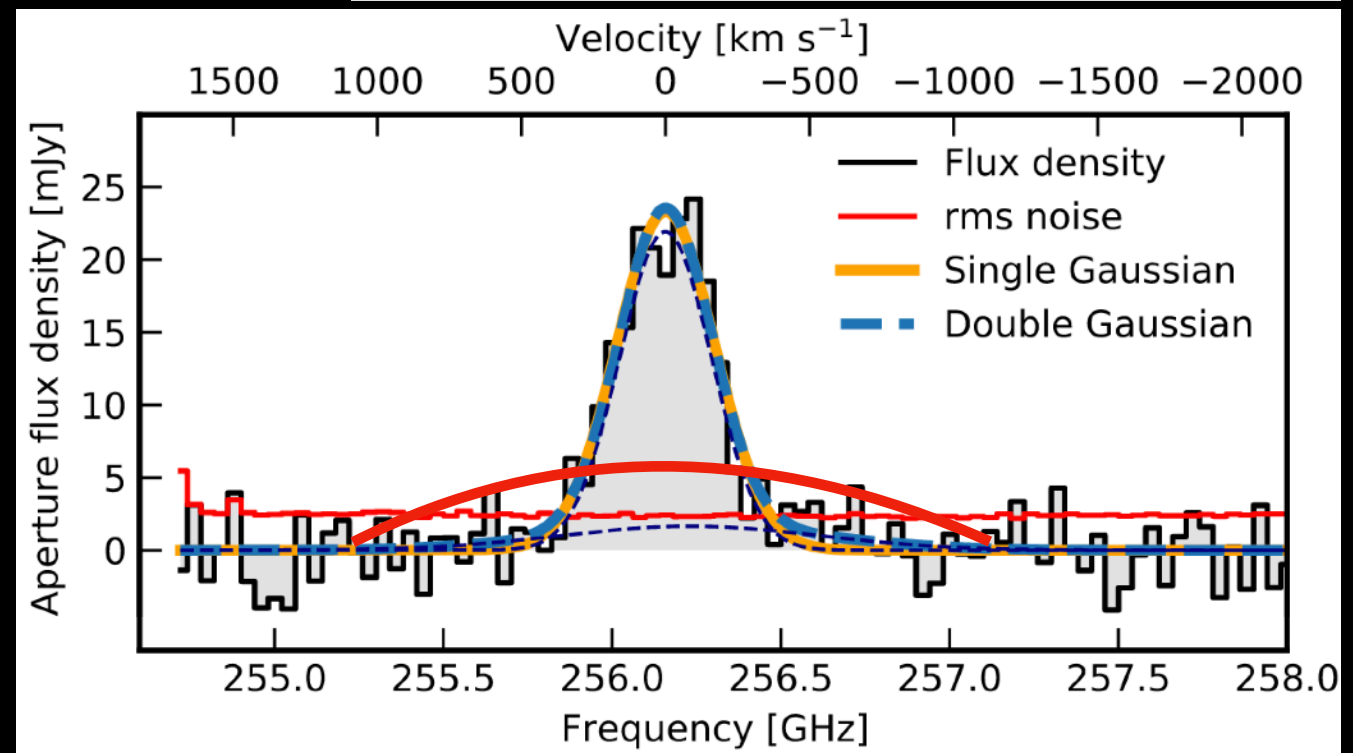
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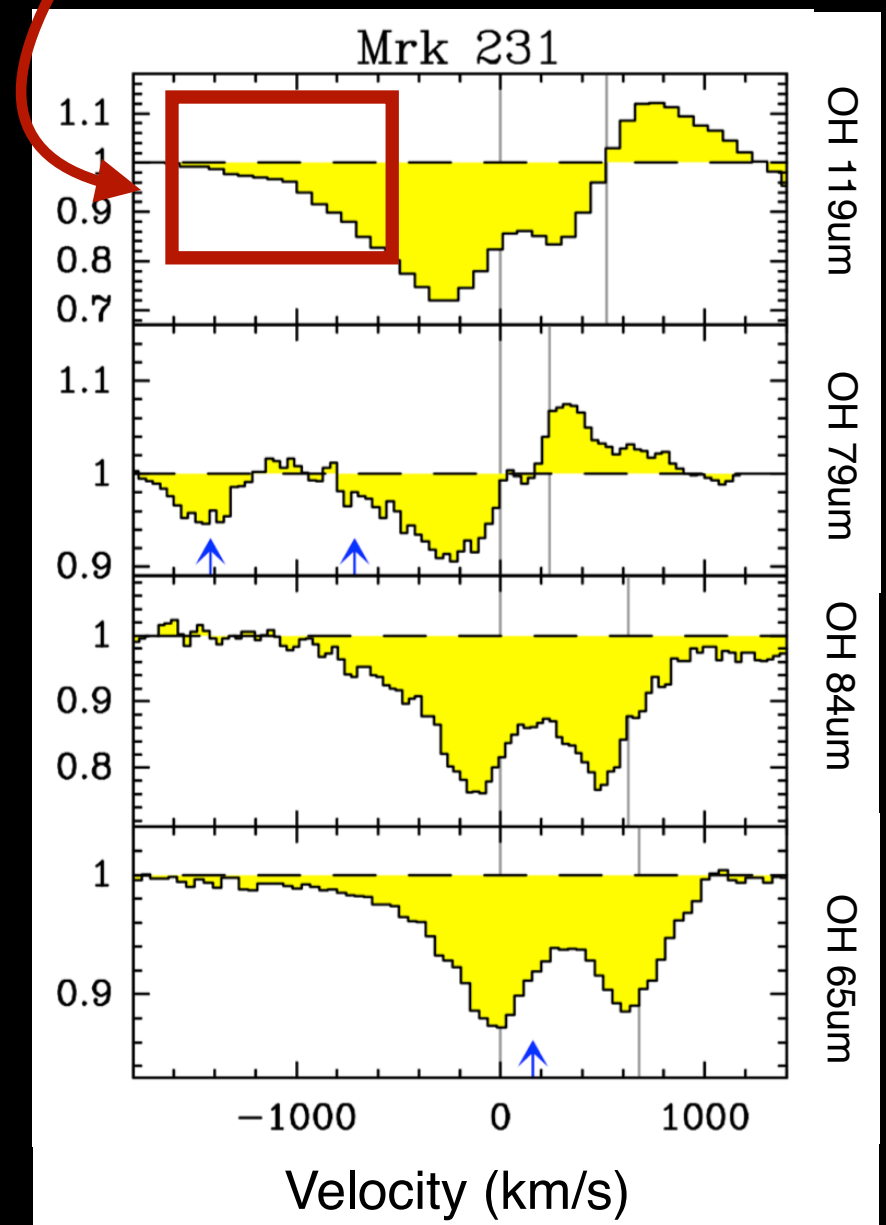


Looking for cold outflows with a better tracer

(or at least a different tracer)

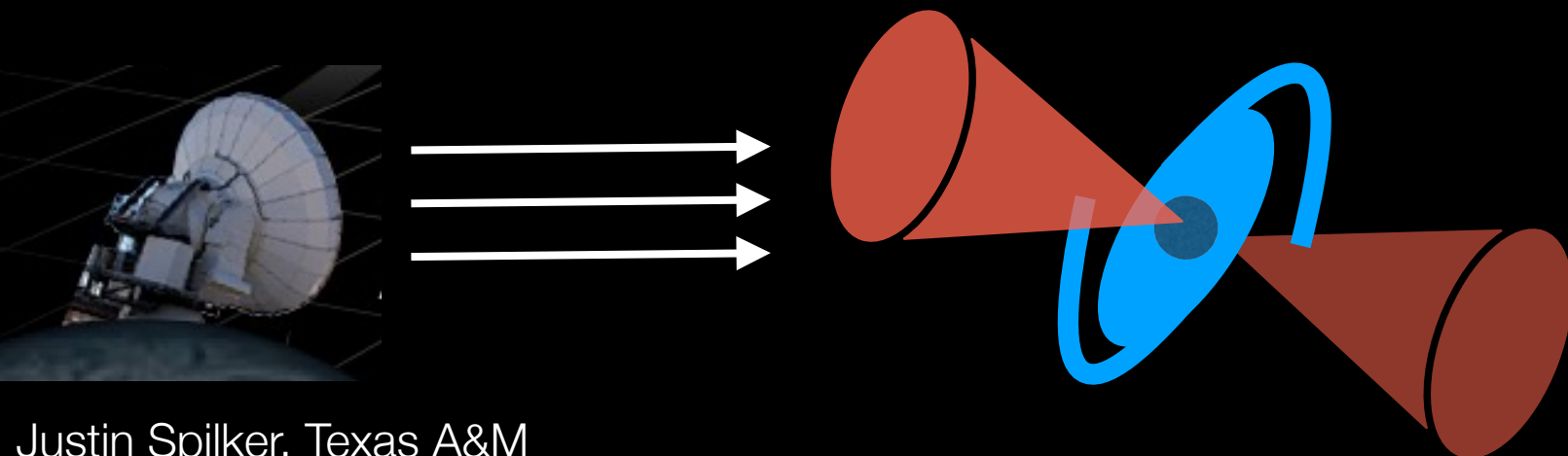
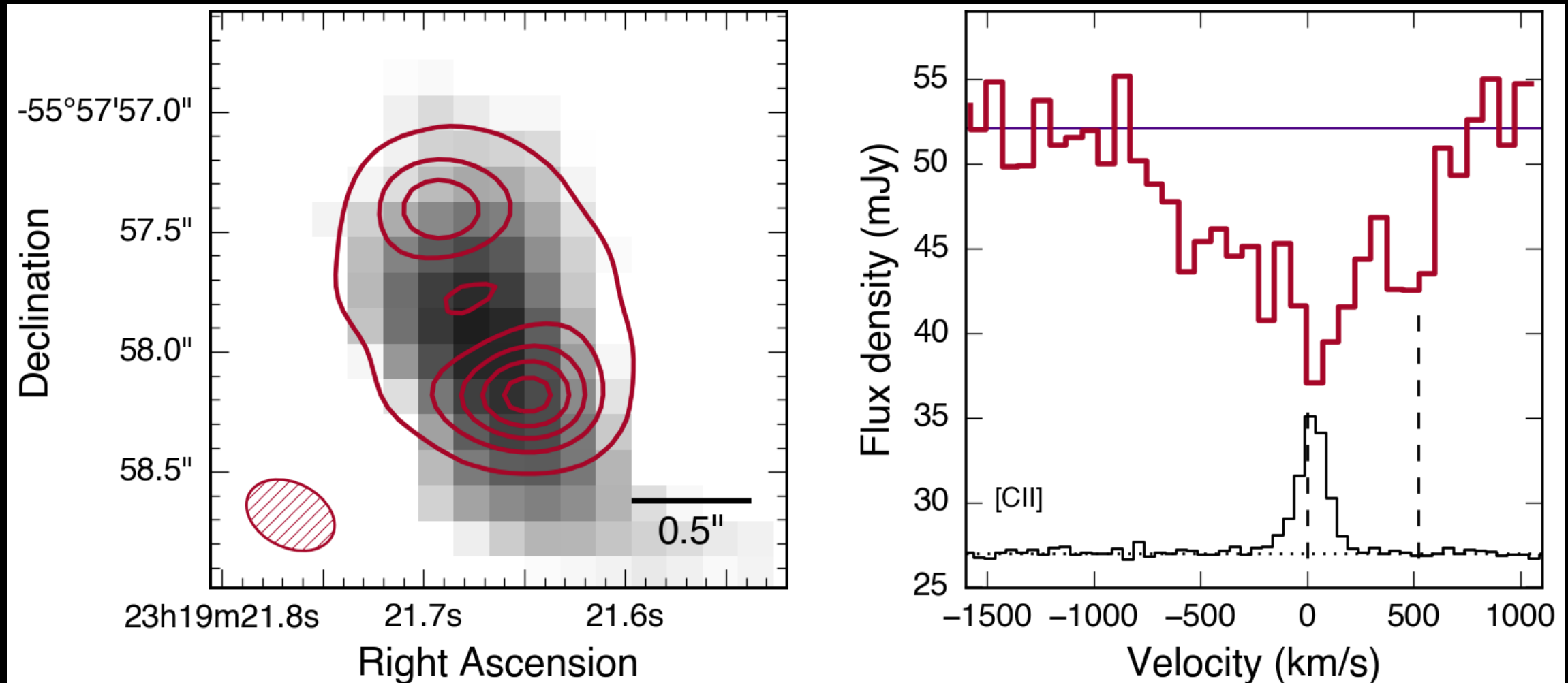
- The hydroxyl molecule (OH) is a great tracer of molecular gas flows
 - Simple, easy to form
 - Very strong transitions
 - Galaxies are bright at the wavelengths OH absorbs
 - *Herschel* observed this molecule in many nearby galaxies - natural comparison sample

What we want to see:
Blueshifted line wings



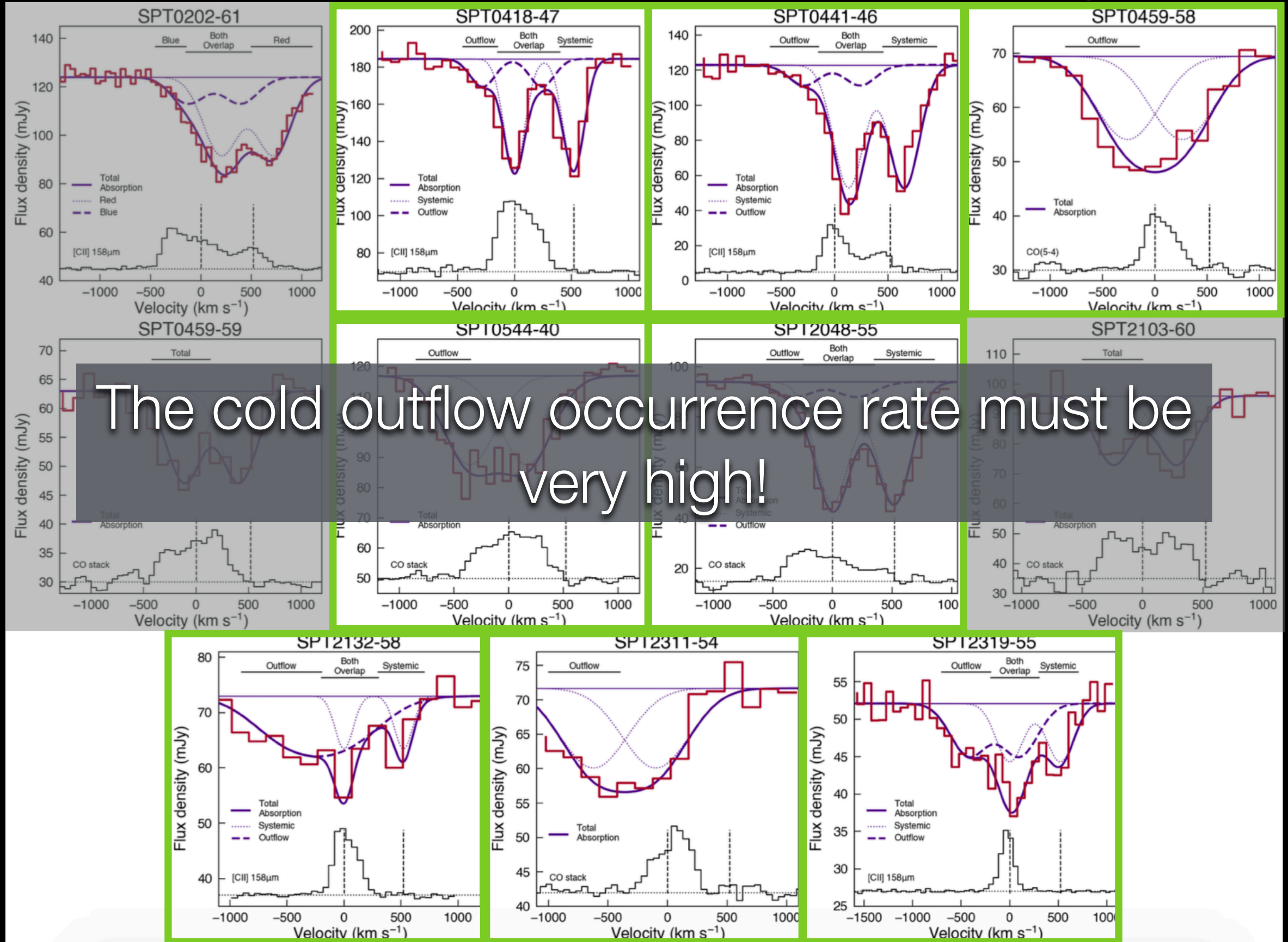
Imaging Molecular Winds in the First Gyr

SPT2319-55, $z = 5.3$, SFR $\sim 800 M_{\text{sun}} / \text{yr}$



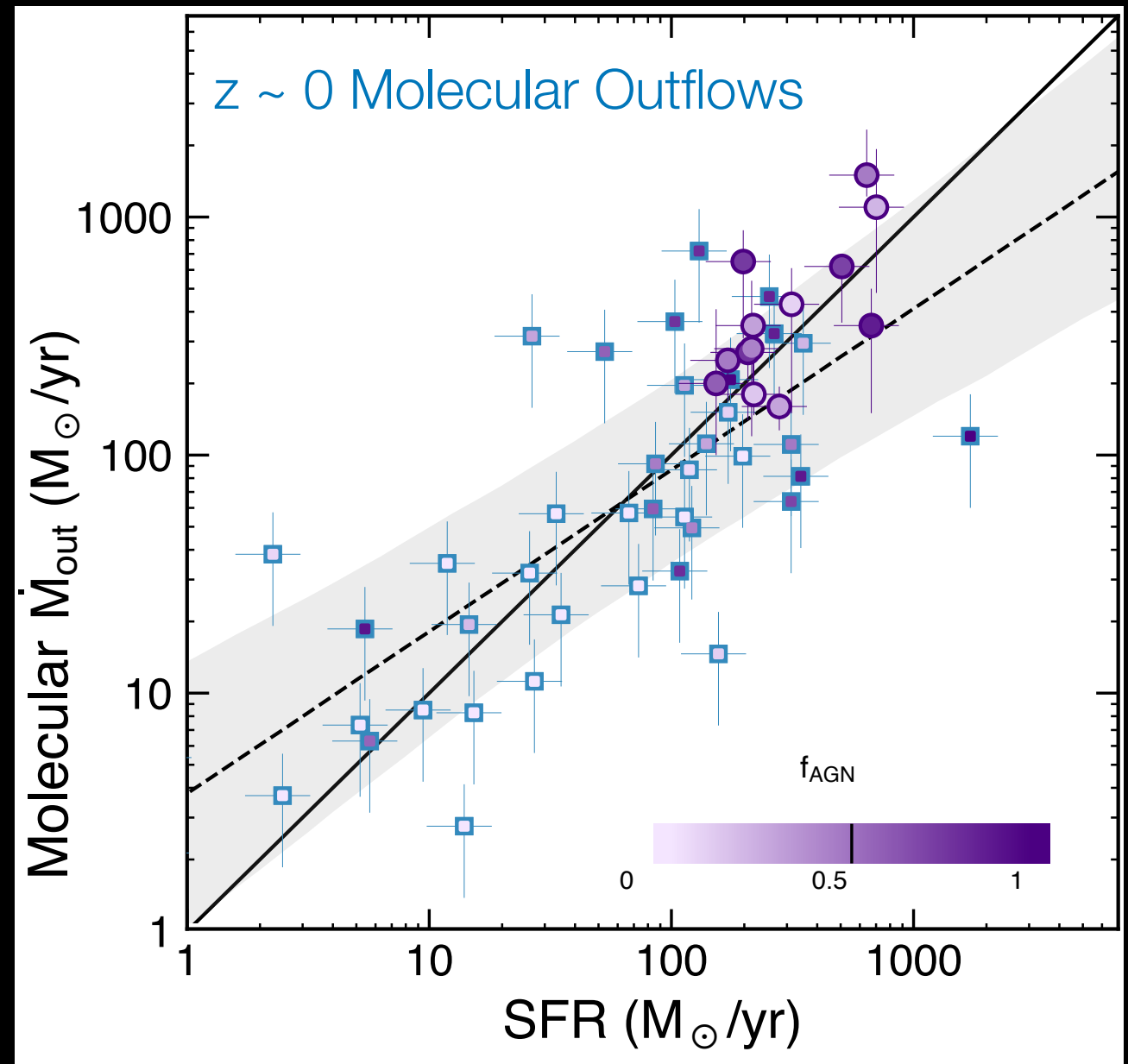
Spilker et al. 2018b, *Science*

Molecular Outflows at $z > 4$ are Ubiquitous



What do we learn about feedback from high-z outflows?

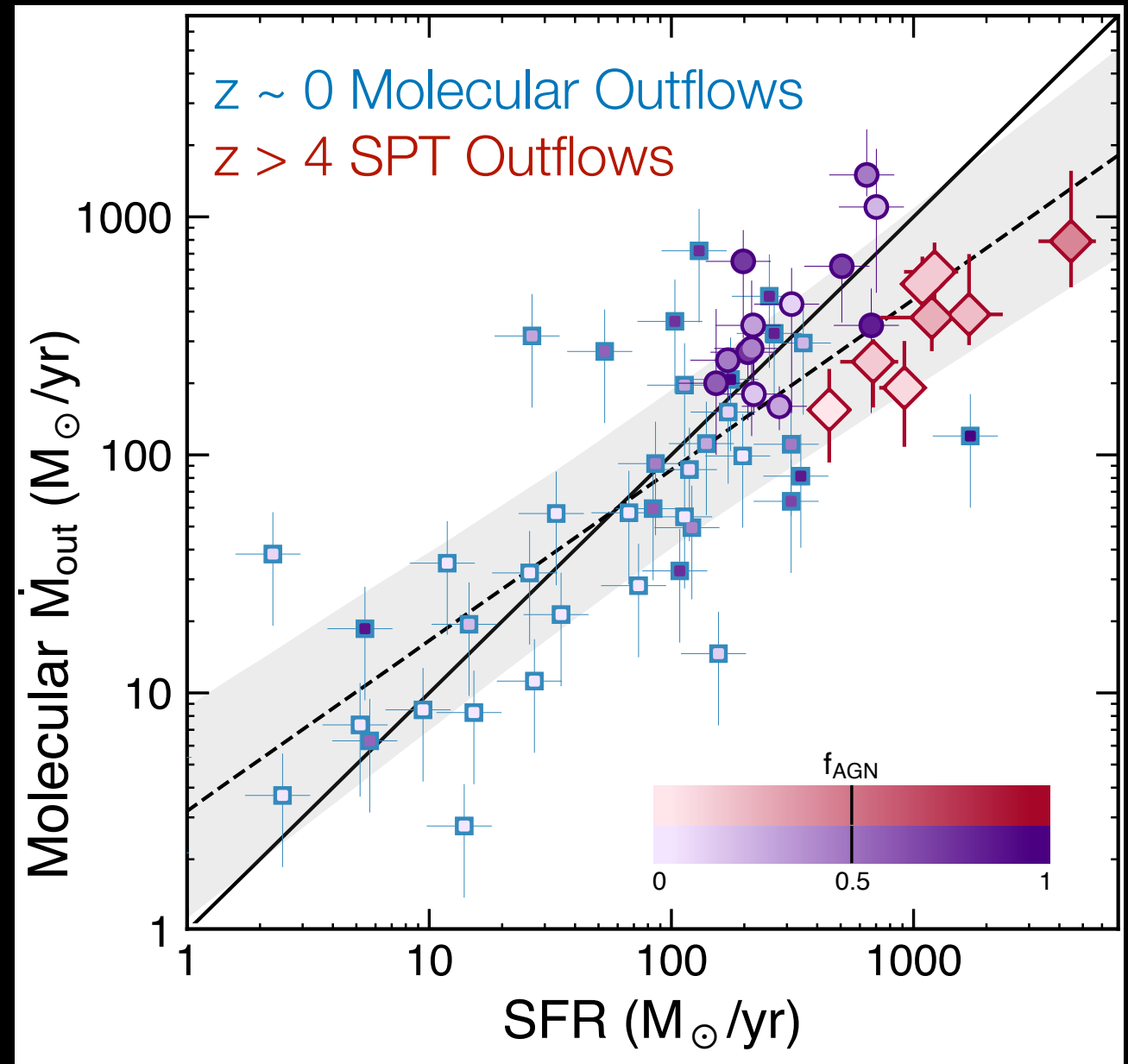
At $z \sim 0$, molecular outflow rate is *almost* linearly proportional to the star formation rate



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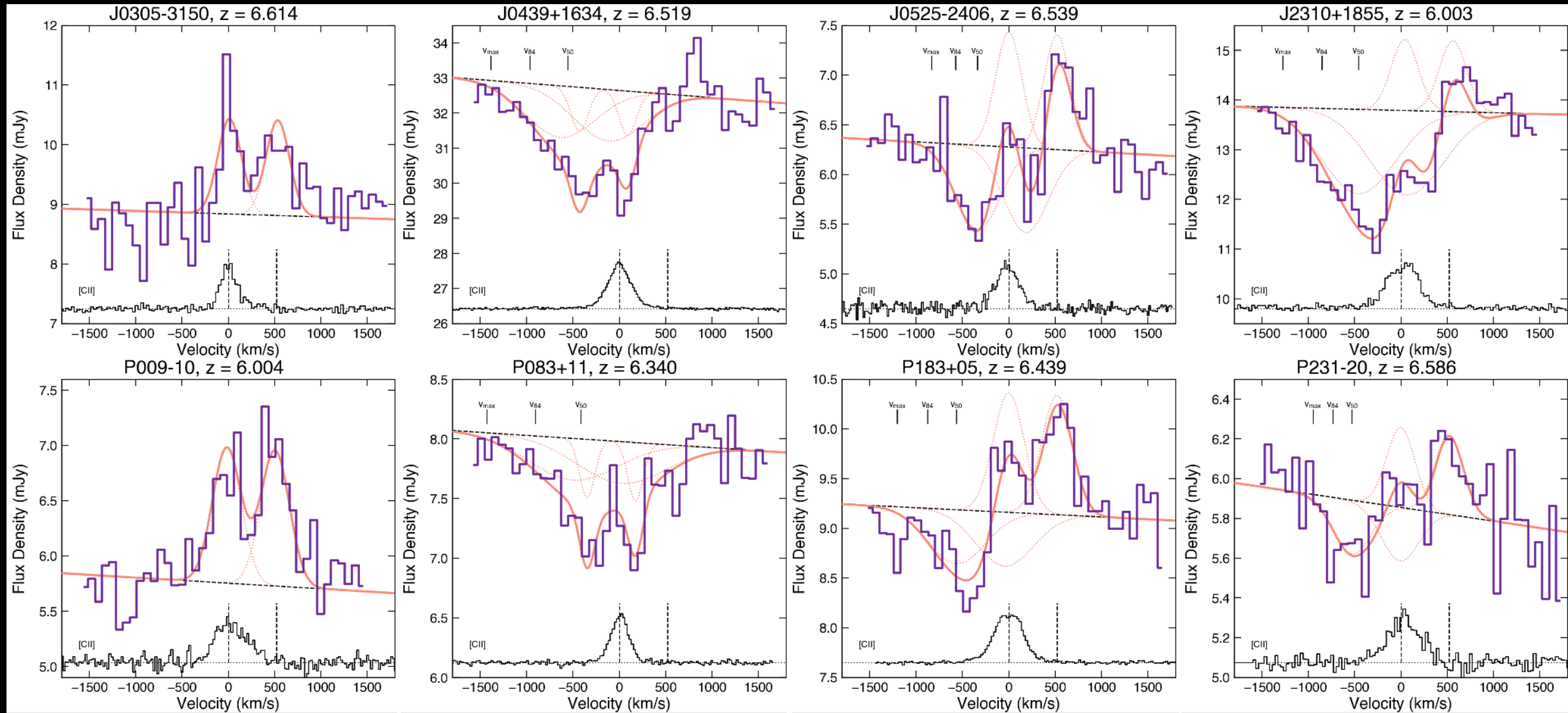
At $z \sim 0$, molecular outflow rate is *almost* linearly proportional to the star formation rate

This basically continues to $z \sim 5$.



Cold outflows in the reionization era

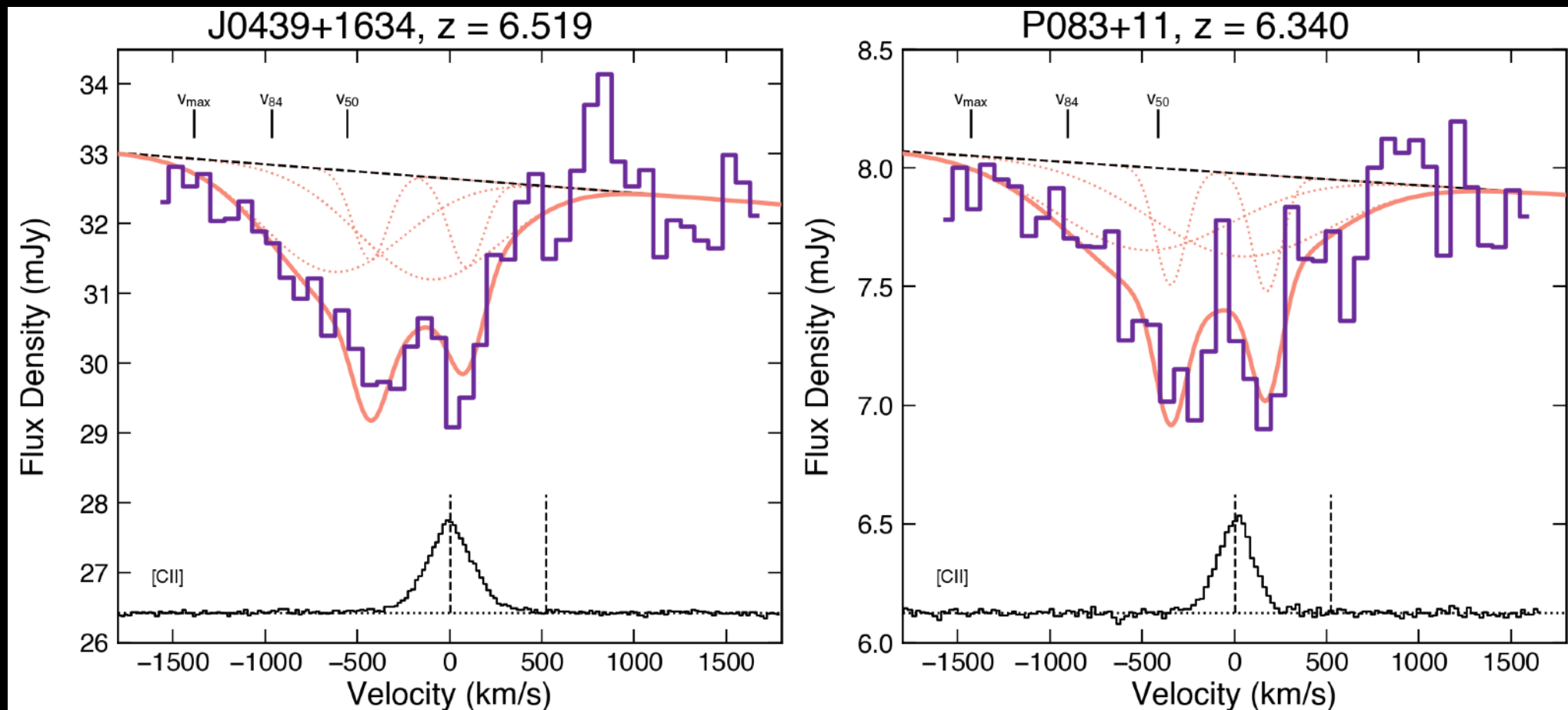
Many $z > 6$ quasars are also bright enough for quick(ish) ALMA OH observations!



Spilker+in prep. Also Herrera-Camus+20,
Butler+23, Salak+23.

Cold outflows in the reionization era

Some of these are really fast outflows!



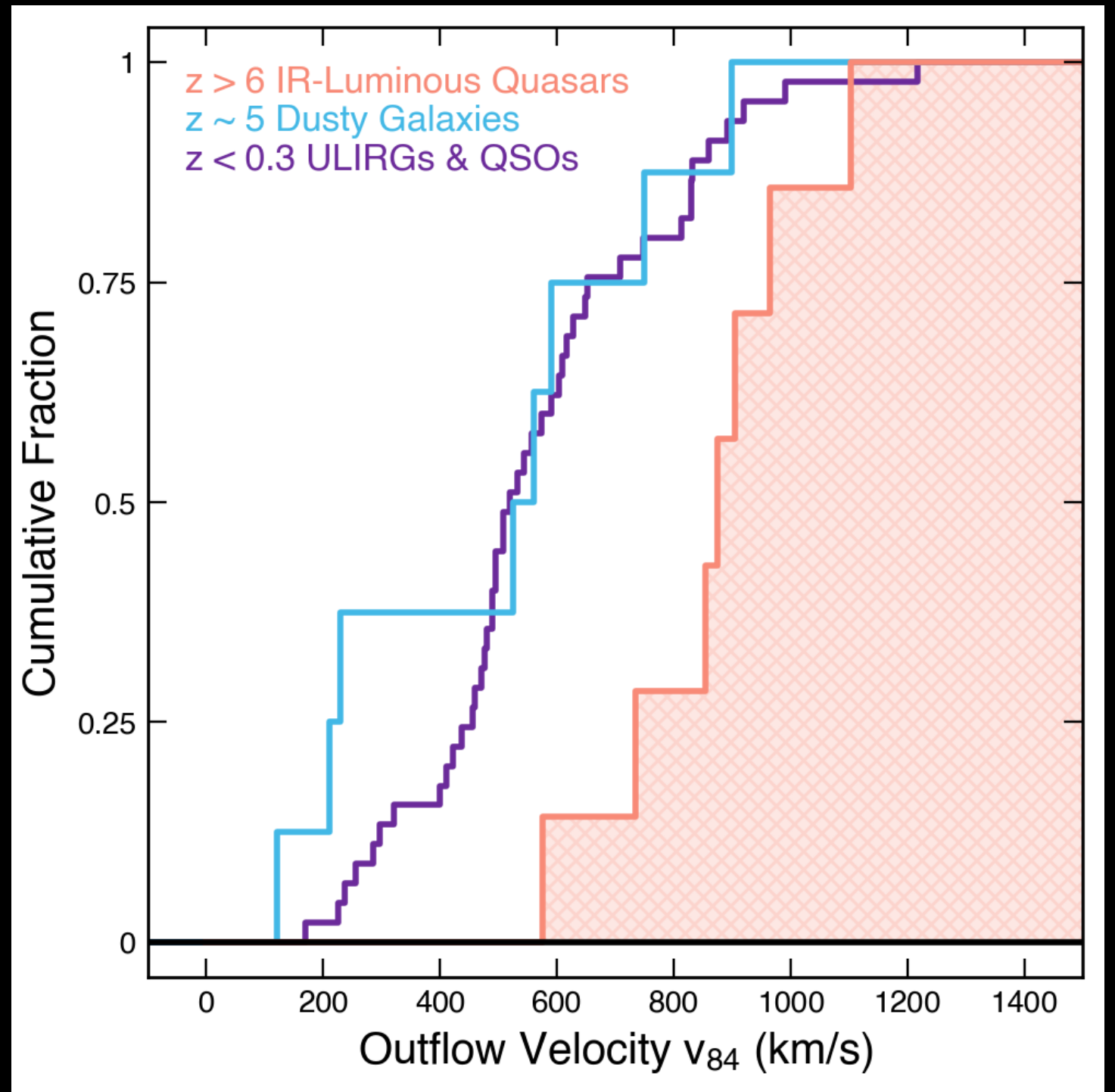
Outflow energetics scale like velocity^(2 to 3), so nailing down the outflow speeds helps substantially!

Spilker+in prep. Also Herrera-Camus+20,
Butler+23, Salak+23.

Reionization-era quasar feedback??

Molecular outflows in $z > 6$ quasars are significantly faster than non-quasars...!

But these quasars are also intrinsically more luminous. Work ongoing to determine the importance of the quasars in driving these winds.

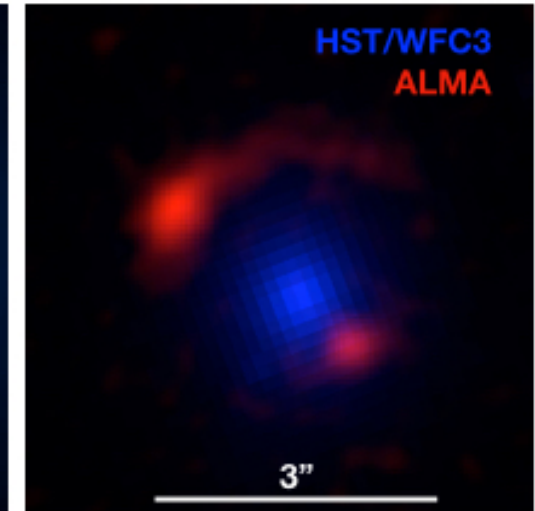
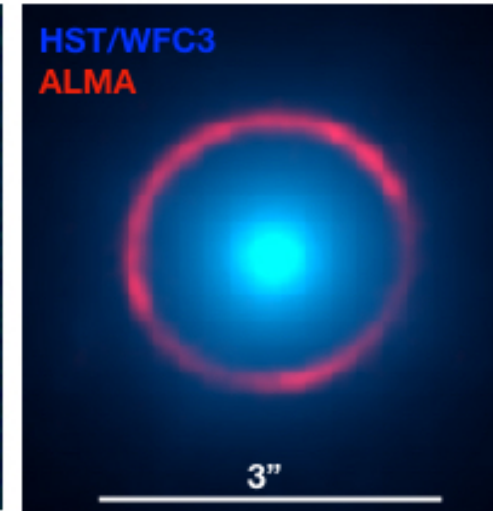
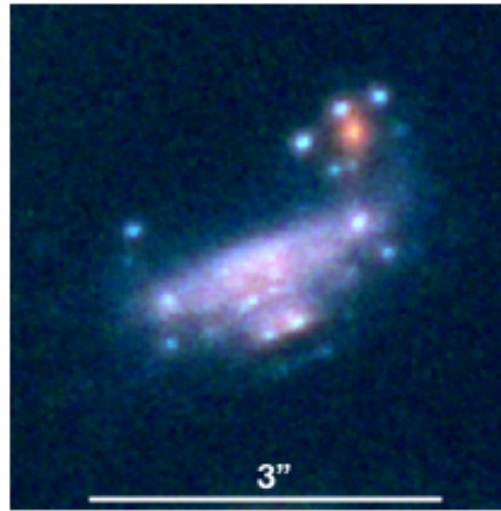
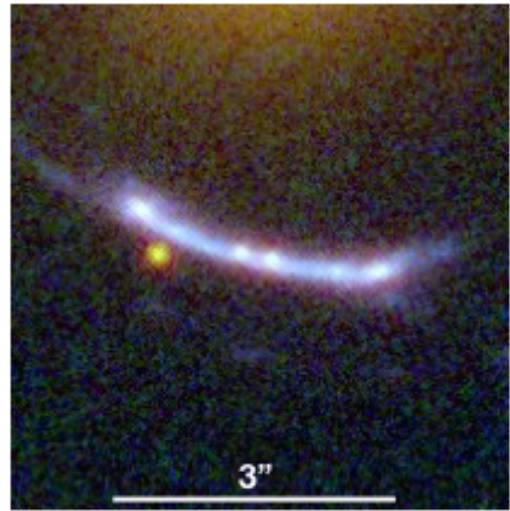


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Accessing Multi-phase Winds in the First Billion Years

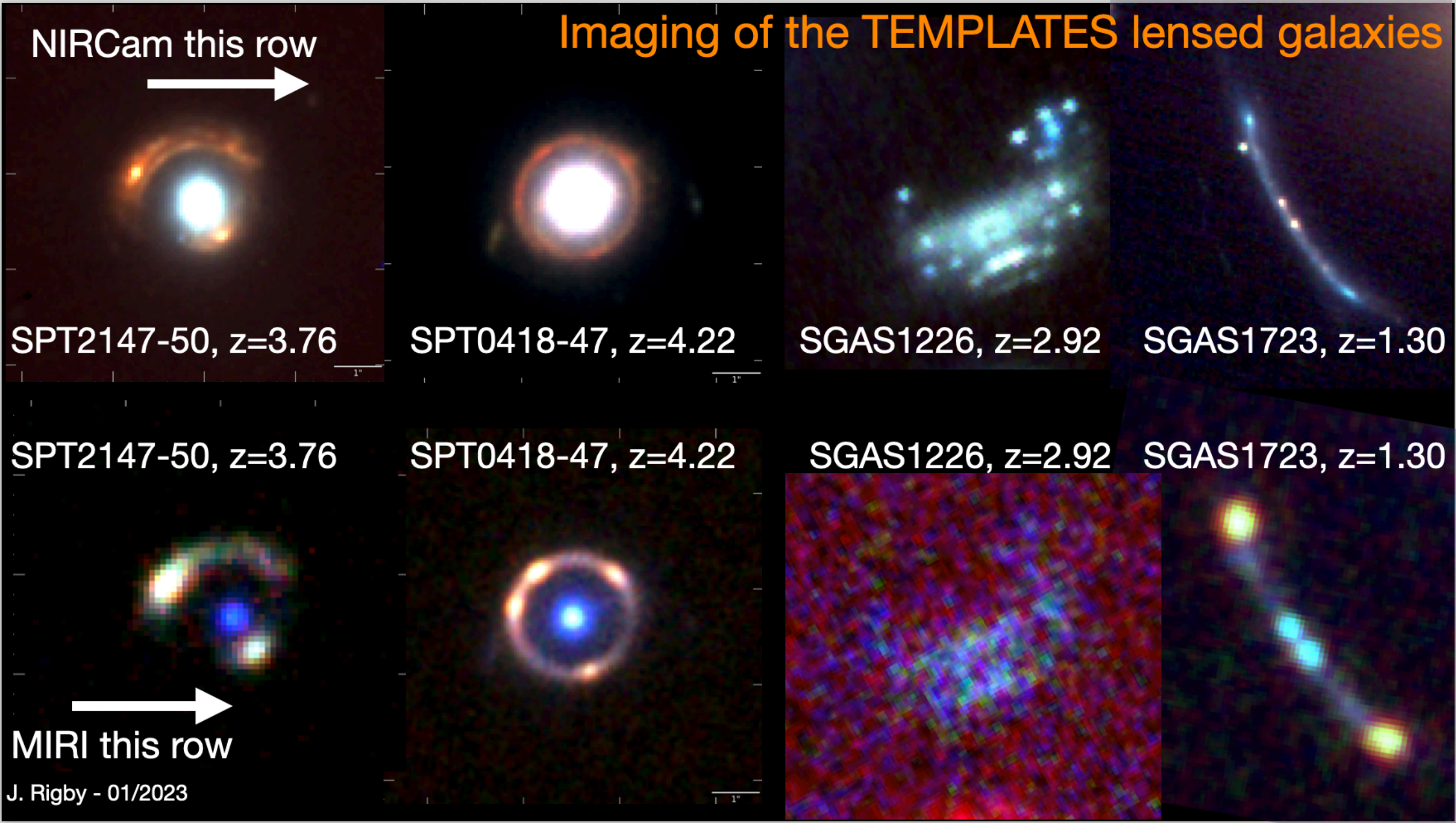
TEMPLATES JWST Early Release Science Program

Image
Plane



Source	SDSS1723+34	SDSS1226+21	SPT0418-47	SPT2147-50
redshift	1.32	2.92	4.22	3.76
magnification	20	40	32	6.6
r_E [arcsec]	4.7	9	1.2	1.2
M_\star [M_\odot]	$<3 \times 10^{10}$	5×10^9	4.4×10^{10}	2.0×10^{10}
SFR [M_\odot/yr]	8	40	230	1290
sSFR [Gyr^{-1}]	>3	8	5.3	64
A_V	0.64–1.0	0.2–1	6	6

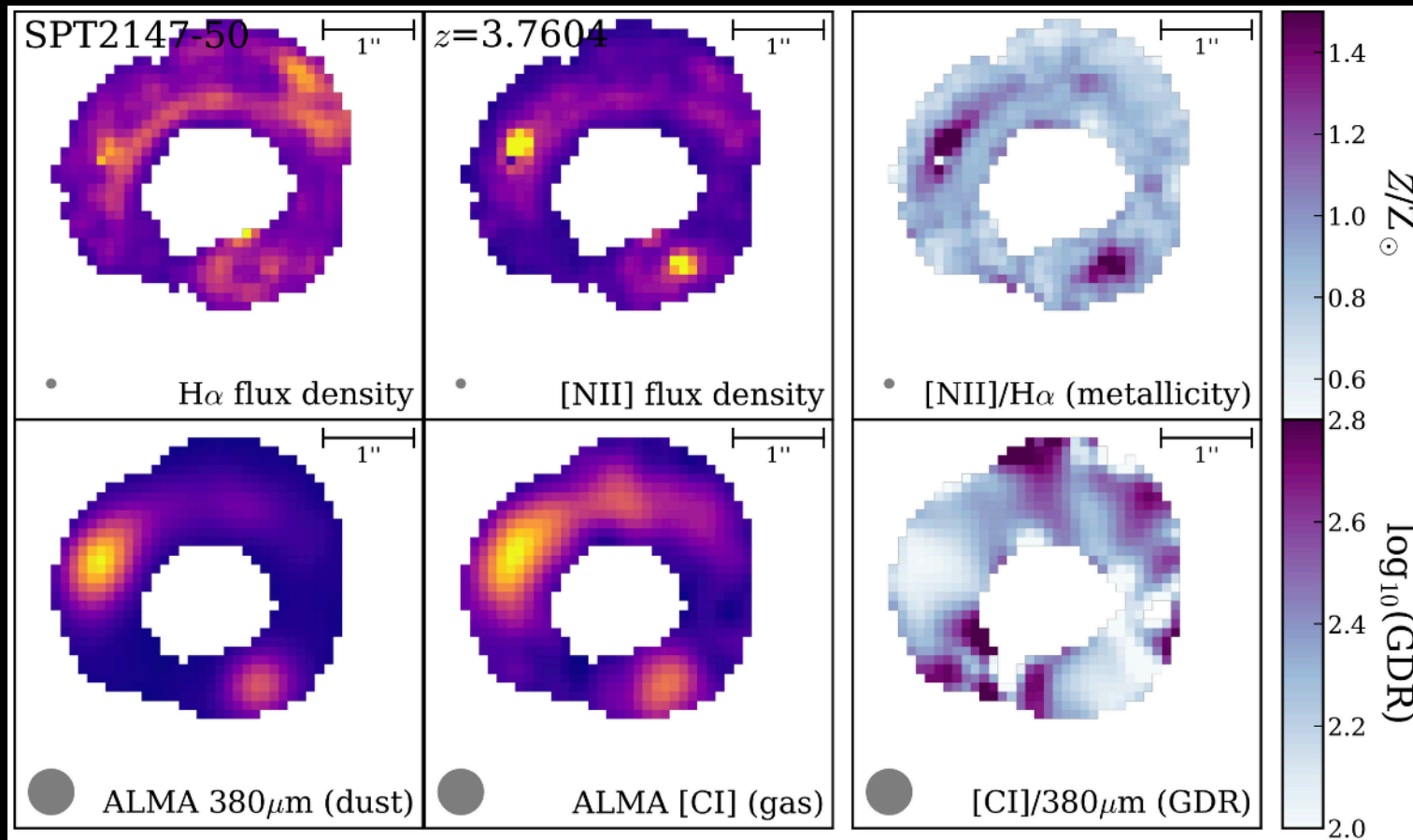
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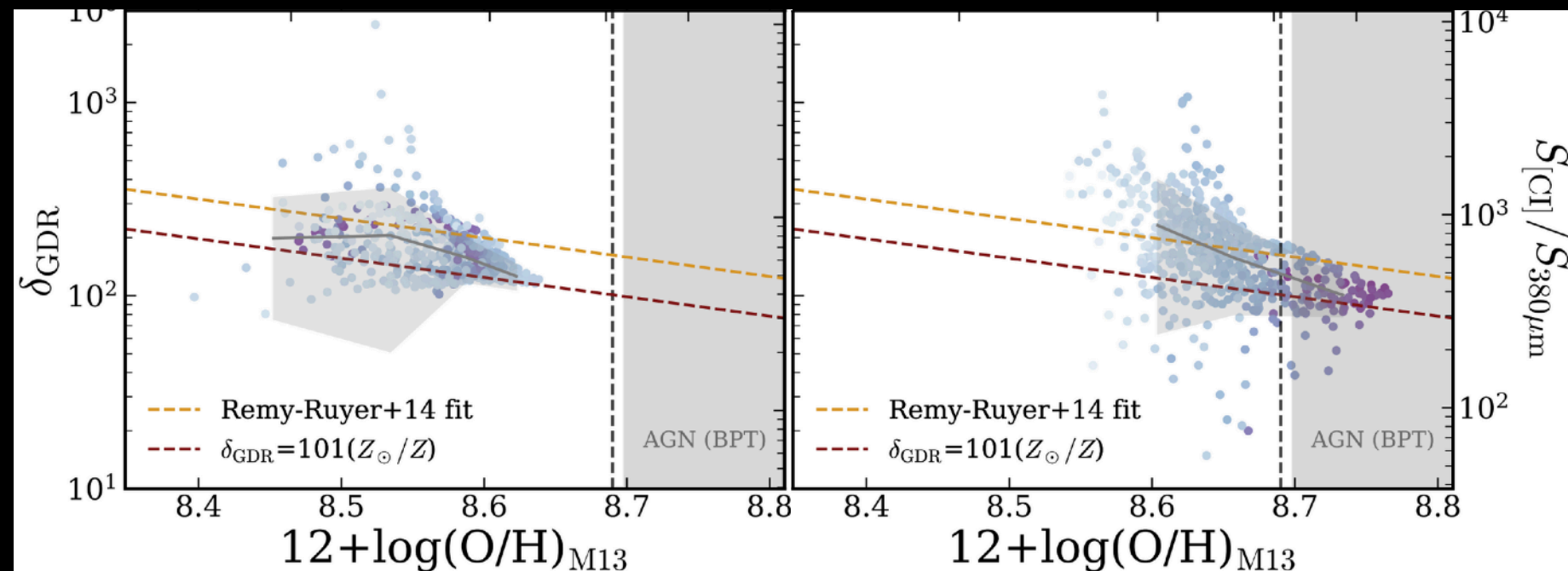
Connecting gas, dust, and metals in obscured starbursts at $z \sim 4$



Jack Birkin (TAMU)
on arxiv ~tomorrow



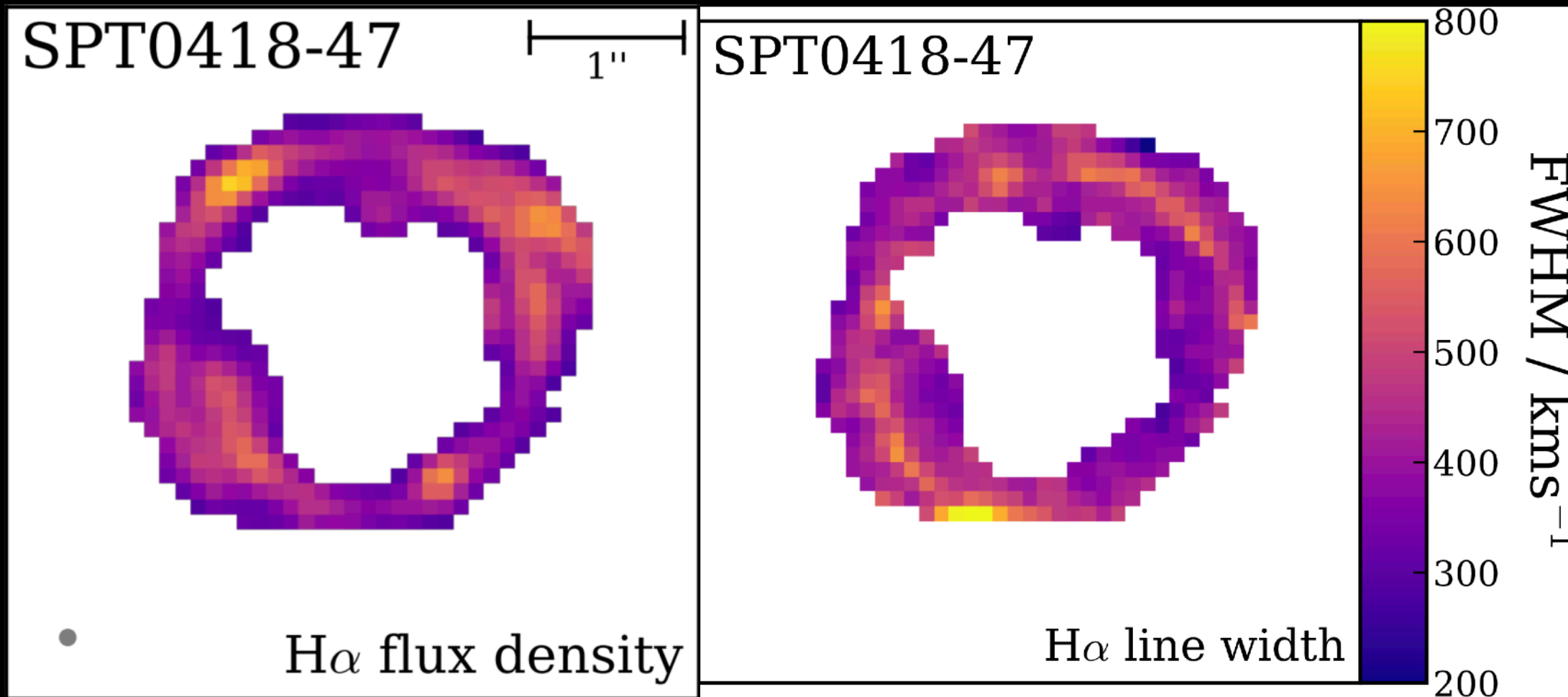
Gas/dust mass ratio increases to lower metallicity on ~ 200 pc scales, quantitatively similar to low- z !



Towards resolving multiphase outflows at $z > 4$



Jack Birkin (TAMU)



Broad H-alpha on highly-resolved scales,
no sign of AGN = warm ionized outflow?

Conclusions

- Cold molecular outflows are very common in early galaxies
- ... but we need wide bandwidth to accurately measure their properties!
- JWST will let us access multiphase winds at high- z for the first time

